

THE PEOPLES ADVOCATE.

VOLUME 3,

COLUMBIANA, ALA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 6, 1894.

NUMBER 1.

To the Farmers.

I will sell you a Piano, Organ or Sewing Machine and let you pay 1/2 this fall, 1/2 the fall of '94, and the balance fall of '95. I will ship them to you on ten days' trial, and should the instrument not prove as represented I will take it back, paying freight charges both ways.

I have pianos from \$175 up, organs from \$30 up, and sewing machines from \$15 up. Bicycles, typewriters, sheet music and all kind of small musical instruments.

Catalogue sent free. A two-cent stamp might save you several dollars. E. E. FORBES, Anniston, Ala.

The Hunter House.

I have just opened a hotel for colored people in the Browne building, near the depot, and it is my intention to furnish ample accommodations for all patrons. When you visit Columbianna come to see me, and I will give you good board at low rates. Help me to build up a good hotel, so our race can always find a first-class boarding house, where they can go and get the best of fare at cheap rates.

GEORGE HUNTER, Proprietor, Columbianna, Ala.

Notice.

All parties in debt to the late firm of Mitchell & Finley are hereby notified, that suit will be brought first January 1895, unless the parties pay the amounts due or make satisfactory arrangements.

Longshore & Beavers,

THE BEST WAY

—TO THE—

SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST,

NORTH AND NORTHWEST,

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Calera daily, running

THROUGH

MONTGOMERY, MOBILE AND NEW

ORLEANS,

Connecting for all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to

NASHVILLE, EVANSVILLE, LOUISVILLE,

CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS.

Connecting for all points in the

NORTH AND NORTHWEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any

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& Nashville railroad at Calera, Ala., or

C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The East Tennessee, Virginia &

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FASTEST TIME,

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PULLMAN'S Finest Vestibule

Sleeping Cars on all Trains.

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Passing through the Scenic Shenandoah

Valley, justly called "The Switzerland of America."

Pullman's Palace Cars Through Without Change.

For latest schedules and other information, call on or write to

G. EVANS, Union Ticket Agent,

Anniston, Ala.

B. W. WRENN, G. P. & T. A.,

Knoxville, Tenn.

L. A. BELL, A. G. P. A., Selma, Ala.

THE PLATFORM OF THE AGONIZED.

The Democracy of Alabama, in convention assembled, re-affirm the principles of the Democratic party as declared in its platform adopted at Chicago in 1892, and congratulates the country upon the success of those principles in the triumphant election of Grover Cleveland, who, by his generous treatment of our people, has shown that he is the President of the whole country, knowing no North, no South, no East, no West. We recognize the wisdom and patriotism of the President, and believe in his fealty to the principles of our party, and endorse his administration of the Federal Government; while some of us differ with him in matters of policy, we are agreed in the belief that he is actuated by motives of the highest patriotism and by an unselfish devotion to the greatest good of the whole people.

While there are differences of opinion among us in matters of detail, we all believe in the free coinage of silver whenever it can be done consistently with the maintenance of a sound and safe currency.

We earnestly urge upon our Senators and Representatives in Congress the speedy reform of the tariff and the prompt repeal of the ten per cent. tax on the issue of State banks.

We heartily endorse the present administration of the State Government, headed by Governor Thomas G. Jones, who has so wisely and courageously discharged his great trust, and we commend him for his impartial and fearless execution of the laws.

We pledge to the people of Alabama a continuance of the good government of our State affairs inaugurated by the election of Geo. S. Houston in 1874.

The election law enacted at the last session of our General Assembly is in accordance with the principles upon which are based the laws regulating elections in a large majority of the States of this Union enacted without regard to party, and was intended to obtain at the ballot box a full and free expression of the popular will; and after giving it a trial, should it fail to accomplish the end which it was intended to effect, we pledge ourselves to make such changes and alterations therein as may be necessary to effect that end.

We pledge our party to the maintenance of a system of free public schools and to increase the appropriations for that purpose whenever the financial condition of the State will permit.

We pledge our party to continue its efforts to remove all the evils of the present convict system and to pass all appropriate legislation to prevent its working injustice to any class of our people.

We extend a cordial invitation to all voters of Alabama who believe in the principles of Democracy and are in favor of the maintenance of a good government, to unite with us in the election of the ticket nominated by this convention.

The foregoing was adopted by but one dissenting voice.

Colonel Tompkins then read the following resolution, as reported from the committee:

Whereas, the construction and operation of the Nicaragua Canal hold out the sure prospects of great and constantly increasing advantages to Alabama, in supplying markets for her products, and in increasing her commerce, and will tend to vitalize her commercial and industrial energies, and add to her resources, and will be of benefit to the whole country; therefore be it

Resolved, That we request the Senators and Representatives from Alabama, in the Congress of the United States, to use their best efforts to push to a successful issue the construction of said Canal under the practical ownership or control of the Federal Government.

Which was adopted unanimously.

He also read the following resolution as adopted by the committee:

Resolved, That in State Conventions the vote of the counties shall

be prorated among the candidates for State officers according to the vote received by each in the respective counties.

Resolved, That the Executive Committee of the State are hereby authorized and instructed to adopt all such rules and regulations as may be proper to enforce the principles of the above resolutions.

General Pettus said the resolution was an innovation upon the rights and customs of the party. The counties were jealous of self government. We have had innovations enough of late years and wanted no more. Don't let us innovate any more.

Mr. Waller said: "No fairer resolution was ever offered than this one. Under it, every Democrat has the right to vote and it guarantees to every Democrat the right to express his choice." He admitted that it was an innovation, one that the times demanded, and he hoped the convention would adopt it.

Mr. Law moved to lay the resolution on the table.

Mr. F. L. Pettus demanded a vote by counties, and the roll was called resulting as follows: Ayes, 340 1-2, nays, 163 1-2, and the resolution was laid on the table.

Col. Tompkins also reported this resolution:

Resolved, That, recognizing the ripe experience, the eminent ability, and the devotion to the best interests of the State of Alabama, of our distinguished senior Senator the Hon. Jno. T. Morgan, and since his acquaintance with measures now pending before Congress of vast importance, not only to his constituents, but to the whole people of the United States, makes it

important that he should be retained in his present position; we, the representatives of the Democratic party of Alabama in convention assembled, hereby cordially and heartily commend him to the people of Alabama, for re-election to the Senate of the United States.

Colonel Tompkins said it was a report from a majority of the committee. But that there was a minority of which he was one, who did not favor the resolution, not from any objection to the resolution, but doubt of propriety of action here instead of by the people. He said, however, that his opposition ended with the action of the committee.

Mr. E. L. Pettus said he spoke for the county which had the honor of claiming Senator Morgan as a citizen and he hoped there would be an enthusiastic and unanimous endorsement of Senator Morgan and word had come to him from all parts of the State for the adoption of such resolution and he asked for rising vote upon it.

Mr. Knox offered the following resolution as a substitute:

Resolved, That recognizing the ripe experience, the eminent ability, the loyal and faithful adherence to the principles of true Democracy of our distinguished senior Senator, the Hon. John T. Morgan, and since his thorough acquaintance with a measure now pending before Congress of vast importance, not only to his constituents, but to the whole people of the United States, require that he should be

retained in his present position, we, the representatives of the Democratic and Conservative Party of Alabama, in convention assembled, hereby cordially and heartily commend him to the people of this State for the re-election to the Senate of the United States.

Mr. Knox spoke in support of the resolution he presented, saying that the resolution offered by the committee could, with as much propriety, be adopted in regard to a Republican. A Republican might be devoted to what he believed to be to the best interests of the State on financial and industrial questions. In this case, it is a Democratic Senator, and this resolution does not endorse his Democracy. The issue will be between Senator Morgan and a Populist—if he is defeated, he will be defeated by a Populist. Having endorsed Cleveland and Jones, should we refuse to endorse John T. Morgan? Distinguished at home, distinguished at Washington, distinguished everywhere! The people expect that we

should pass no acts of condemnation for Morgan, and if the convention fails to pass this resolution, it can only be regarded as condemnation.

General Harrison said he was a member of the committee reporting the resolution. He recognized the ability of Cleveland, Morgan and Oates, and held the Democratic party greater than them all. We have declared in the platform that upon matters of details we are divided, and upon other questions we are divided,—upon the survivor question. He thought the resolution was satisfactory to the Senator's own people, and that ought to satisfy the rest of us.

Mr. Knox—Did I not tell you that the resolution was not satisfactory to me and would not be satisfactory to Senator Morgan's friends?

General Harrison—You did, but I thought his own people knew better than you.

General Harrison continued to defend the report of the committee ably and eloquently and moved to lay the substitute on the table.

Mr. Brown of Talladega called for a vote by counties.

A great deal of confusion ensued and the Chairman was unable for sometime to secure order.

Mr. Burns asked that the motion to table be withdrawn, but the request was refused. The roll was called by counties, resulting in 291 1-2 for and 237 1-2 against tabling the substitute.

There were five absent and not voting.

The vote as announced was challenged.

Mr. Shorter of Barber said for the sake of harmony he would move that the whole matter be referred to the Legislature where it belonged.

Mr. Tompkins moved to lay that motion on the table.

Mr. Shorter withdrew the motion. Mr. Knox said he protested against the chair applying the gag law and hearing one side and not the other.

Colonel Tompkins asked to be heard and after urgent appeals quiet was restored and he was heard.

He moved to amend the resolution on his own motion and not as from the committee by inserting the words "and believing in his fealty to the principles of Democracy, though some of us may differ with him on matters of details" and said while he differed with Senator Morgan he believed in his fealty to the Democratic party.

Mr. Knox said in view of that amendment he would withdraw his substituted.

Colonel Tompkins read the amendment.

General Harrison said there was so little difference he would accept the amendment and it was adopted.

The resolution as amended and adopted reads as follows:

Resolved, That, recognizing the ripe experience, the eminent ability and the devotion to the best interests of the State of Alabama, of our distinguished senior Senator, the Hon. John T. Morgan, and believing in his fealty to the principles of Democracy, though some of us may differ with him in matters of detail, and since his acquaintance with measures now pending before Congress of vast importance, not only to his constituents, but to the whole people of the United States, makes it important that he should be retained in his present position, we, the representatives of the Democratic Party of Alabama, in convention assembled, hereby cordially and heartily commend him to the people of Alabama for re-election to the Senate of the United States.

Mr. Steinhardt, the Secretary, asked that the gentleman who reported upon him in intimating that a miscount of the ballot had been made withdraw his remark.

Mr. White, of Colbert said that in challenging the vote he did not desire to reflect upon the Secretary, but simply desired to guard against any error in the heat of excitement.

Mr. Steinhardt said that was satisfactory.

Thus ended one of the most ex-

citing scenes that ever occurred in a Democratic convention in Alabama. All soon became calm and serene and the family was happily at peace again.

On motion of Mr. Judge, the thanks of the convention were tendered the President and Secretaries for the faithful discharge of their duties, and to the Sergeants-at-arms for their faithful and successful efforts in preserving order in the convention.

The roll of counties was called to get the lists of the chairman of the Executive Committees in the different counties, and when it was completed, the hall was almost deserted.

Chairman Clarke then announced the convention adjourned sine die.

Alliance Petition.

The following letter was sent to Congress in behalf of the report of the labor committee asking for the appointment of a joint committee of Senators and Congressmen to inquire into the causes for the present industrial depression. It is a good document to save:

To the Honorable Speaker and Members of the House of Representatives of the United States:

In view of the pending resolution to appoint a joint committee of the Senate and your honorable body to consider the condition of the laboring and producing classes of this country, we desire to submit a few facts and conclusions by way of urging its adoption. That the people of this country are in financial distress the increase of business failures, bankruptcies, mortgage foreclosures, defalcations, and commercial wrecks furnish ample and complete evidence. That poverty or parsimonious economy has come upon them the ever-increasing hosts of unemployed working men and women who fill our streets and thoroughfares, the vast amount of idle machinery seen on every hand, and the unsold and consequently unused products of the field and factory filling the shelves of our merchants or mouldering in great structures bear silent yet conclusive testimony. That they labor hard and unremittingly the volume of gross production should be sufficient proof, and that the promise of a kind Providence is still with them the rich and abundant harvests fully declare.

Yet in the face of all this hard toil, this rigid economy, this abiding test of God's bounty, many, altogether too many, of our people stand in hunger and in rags amid bursting granaries and crowded warehouses. The people are not to blame for this unfortunate and distressing condition. They have, as a whole, performed their part fully and well. But the more they labor the less remuneration they receive, and the more they bring to market the less money comes to their pockets. In 1867 each acre of wheat brought on the average \$23.05, in 1893 it brought only \$6.16. In 1867 each acre of corn brought \$18.87, in 1893 it brought but \$8.21. In 1867 each acre of oats brought \$16.05, in 1893 it brought only \$6.90. In 1879 4,720,000 bales of cotton brought \$252,140,000, while in 1893 7,540,000 bales brought only \$224,400,000. In 1889 farm animals in the United States were valued at \$2,507,050,058. In 1894 they are valued at \$2,170,816,754.

The wealth of the nation in January 1893 was estimated at \$70,000,000,000; since that date, however, it is also estimated that this wealth has decreased fully \$20,000,000,000. If this estimate is correct, and we believe it is conservative, it discloses the further fact that the debts and money of the country have increased in their "power to oppress," fully 50 per cent, if not more. During this period there were over 80,000 mortgage foreclosures and more than 50,000 commercial failures which have stagnated all business and laid a paralyzing hand upon all productive industries. These unfair conditions are not the creations of a moment, but the steady growth of many years. Filled with hope the people have battled courageously to beat back this ever-recurring tide of want, misery and

distress. Now, however, in many sections of our country, hope is waning. As an evidence of this we see large bodies of unemployed men from many portions of the country marching to Washington.

We deplore this action on their part as well as the causes that have made such action possible. We are glad to see that no such movement has developed in the South; but the same causes are there at work. There are idle men, depreciation of values, and demoralization of business, which if unchecked, will inevitably produce the same results. It is simply delayed because fewer men are employed in manufactures and other pursuits, that make them dependent for existence upon daily wages. Besides, the Alliance is very strong in the South, and has appealed to the intellect of the people and urged them to bear with oppressive conditions while they sought for the causes that produced them. This is the condition of our people as we see it, and to which we desire to call the attention of your honorable body.

There is ample precedent for this request, since the American Congress at one time appointed a similar committee to the one now asked for, and the Parliament of Great Britain has appointed at least two or more for the same purpose. In conclusion, permit us to say that the people are discouraged, they are losing faith in the several branches of the Government, and we sincerely hope that you being nearer to them, will listen to their petitions and give them hope and courage by ascertaining the causes of their sad conditions.

(Signed):

Marion Butler,
Chairman,
H. C. Denning,
Secretary,
Mann Page,
I. E. Dean,
Executive Committee National
Farmer's Alliance and Industrial
Union.

B. L. MOORE
Justice of the Peace,
COLUMBIANA, ALA.
Collection of Claims a Specialty.

TIME TABLE.

IN EFFECT

March 1st, 1894.

8 45 am	Lv Chattanooga Ar	7 10 pm
11 35 am	Lv... Rome... Ar	4 35 pm
1 02 pm	Ar... Piedmont... Ar	3 10 pm
1 55 pm	Ar... Anniston... Ar	2 20 pm
4 30 pm	Ar... Calera... Ar	11 45 am
6 45 pm	Ar... Selma... Lv	9 30 am
6 30 am	Lv... Selma... Ar	11 00 pm
9 04 am	Ar Thomasville... Ar	8 32 pm
10 20 am	Ar... Jackson... Ar	7 10 pm
12 45 pm	Ar... Mobile... Lv	4 30 pm
6 55 pm	Lv... Selma... Ar	9 20 am
11 40 pm	Ar... Meridian... Lv	4 35 am

AT ROME

connections are made for Georgia points and for the

EAST AND WEST.

Apply to any Agent for rates, etc., or write.
L. A. BELL, Div. Pass. Agent, SELMA, ALA.
B. W. WRENN, Gen'l Pass. Agent, KNOXVILLE, TENN.

Cloth of Gold.

Vick's Floral Guide is more resplendent if possible, this year, than ever before. Its covers have a background of rich gold against which is displayed a spray of the beautiful New White Branching Aster on one side and on the other a bunch of a new Double Anemone. Inside are gorgeously colored plates of Chrysanthemums, Poppies and Vegetables, besides engravings innumerable of both flowers and vegetable. The New Branching Aster is one of this season's novelties. It comes into flower six weeks before the chrysanthemums, but only an expert it is said, can tell the difference between the two flowers. Another novelty is a new species of Morning Glory, a rampant grower with huge leaves and immense rose-colored flowers from three to four inches across. The Guide, which James Vick's Sons of Rochester, N. Y., sent by mail for 10 cents, contains 112 pages. Aside from its pleasing pictorial features, it contains much practical information of value to amateur gardeners.—The Republican, Springfield, February 16, 1894.

HOW IS THIS?

Something unique even in these days of mammoth premium offers, is the latest effort of Stafford's Magazine, a New York monthly of home and general reading.

The proposition is to send the Magazine one year for one dollar, the regular subscription price, and in addition to send each subscriber, fifty-two complete novels during the twelve months; one each week.

Think of it. You receive a new and complete novel, by mail, post paid, every week for fifty-two weeks, and in addition you get the magazine once a month for twelve months, all for one dollar. It is an offer which the publishers can only afford to make in the confident expectation of getting a hundred thousand new subscribers.

Among the authors in the coming series are, Wilkie Collins, Walter Besant, Mrs. Oliphant, Mary Cecil Hay, Florence Marryat, Anthony Trollope, A. Conan Doyle, Miss Braddon, Captain Marryat, Miss Thackeray and Jules Verne. If you wish to take advantage of this unusual opportunity, send one dollar for Stafford's Magazine, one year. Your first copy of the magazine, and your first number of the fifty-two novels (one each week) which you are to receive during the year will be sent you by return mail. Remit by P. O. Order, registered letter or express. Address: STAFFORD PUBLISHING CO., Publishers of Stafford's Magazine, P. O. Box 2264, New York N. Y. Please mention this paper.

CENTRAL R. R. OF GEORGIA.

Montgomery & Eufaula Ry., and Mobile & Girard R. R.

H. M. Comer & R. S. Hayes

Receivers.

Savannah & Western R. R.

H. M. Comer & R. J. Lowry,

Receivers.

Tickets at reduced rates between local points on sale after 6.00 p.m. Saturday, good returning till Monday noon. If you are going to New York, Boston Philadelphia or Baltimore our business of pleasure you save sleeping car fares, and the expense of meals enroute by going via Central R.R., Savannah, and thence by Steamers, and at the same time enjoy the benefits of an Ocean Voyage.

Tickets include meals and stateroom.

For full information write to or call on nearest ticket agent, or to, Theo. D. Kline, Gen'l Supt., W. F. Shellman, Traffic Mgr., J. C. Haile, Gen'l Passenger Agt., Savannah, Ga.

The history of the bicycle is in all that pertains to crudeness, novelty and the subsequent rapid development of lines which were the foundation of the modern bicycle of today. Since 1816 the inventive genius of man has been at work upon the construction of cycles; but not until 1869, when the American velocipede appeared can it be said that cycle manufacturing took even the slightest form of industry. The bicycle of today is a radically different affair of that of five or six years ago. Within this period the safety bicycle has superseded the dangerous high wheel, cushion tires succeeded solid ones, and these in turn have been placed among other back numbers by the more modern pneumatic tire. The highest grade bicycles of 1893, such as the world famed Victor bicycles have probably reached the stage of development where many more improvements are improbable if not impossible. The maximum and minimum in weight have been reached and it is now assured that from 28 to 35 pounds is the proper standard, varying from the former for a racer to the latter for very rough usage and heavy riders.—Scientific American.

Lock Drawer 1533.

JOHN W. HAVES,

has a large stock of

all kinds of

hardware

and

cutlery

and

all

other

articles

of

iron

and

steel

and

all

other

articles

of

iron

and

DON'T EDUCATE THE YOUTH

Whether White or Black, Oates Says it Unfits Him for Manual Labor.

Let the Records continue to speak, and let the people know the facts and render the verdict, and when they have done this no honorable man can have aught of malice.

During the 49th congress, February 28th, 1887, in a speech on the Agricultural Experiment Stations, Col. Oates used the following language:

"It is not the duty, nor is it to the interest of the state to educate its entire population beyond the primaries. Universal experience teaches that if a boy, without regard to his color, be educated beyond this point, he declines every to work another day in the sun. A higher education may do for New England, whose laboring people are chiefly engaged in manufacturing, but how would it work in Alabama where 75 percent of the people are engaged in agriculture?"

Farmers of Alabama, Col. Oates says it is not to the interest of the state to educate your sons beyond a mere primary education. You must be taxed to provide a university for the rich, but your sons must be kept on the plain of negro education; they must be ignorant, or might quit the field and get in the shade where Col. Oates has been for fourteen years living on your taxes. This would be too good and too easy for them, they must be bound down as "hewers of wood and drawers of water" and be made the slaves to the rich, the gold-bugs and the money power; if educated they might learn something of the modes of the gold crowd and money gang by which through an unconditional repeal of the Sherman law, for which Col. Oates voted, and other kindred legislation, and they might check these pirates in their plunder of the people, and destruction of free institution that the money and privilege classes may subjugate the masses and rule and administer this country in their own selfish interest.

NOT AS GOOD AS NEW ENGLAND'S SONS. Higher education may do for New England, sons where the gold power and protective system rule, but an Alabama farmer's son, must not have it, it will take him out of the sun. Where he should be according to Col. Oates, and let those after the Oates stripe, hold the offices and govern the people.

Young men of Alabama, who are farmers, and will for the future have to earn your living at the plough handles, will you advocate the cause of a man, who utters and believes such sentiments as Col. Oates has expressed on the floor of the American House of Representatives, and aid in making him Governor of Alabama? Such sentiments are published to the world by Col. Oates, that it will not do to trust a farmer boy with education. Such is a reflection upon the patriotism, the virtue, the manhood, and every inspiration of honor, of the farmers and their children.

Democrats of Alabama read and ponder before you give your aid to exalt a man who entertains such sentiments. Not only does he ask you to make him governor, but he asks you to give him this exalted office, to enable him to step into the United States Senate, and there further humiliate you and cast reflections upon you, that it is not to the interest of the state to educate your sons beyond a primary education.

Populists Right, as Usual.

The reduction of the Treasury gold below \$94,000,000 has started a new speculation as to a new bond issue. When the recent bond issue was made the Treasury gold had declined to \$65,000,000, but with the present high rate of exchange it is known that gold will flow from us. Secretary Carlisle did not deem it wise to permit the gold reserve to fall below \$65,000,000, and it is agreed that he will not now allow it fall below that figure.

The temper of Congress is such that no legislation is expected on financial measures to strengthen the Treasury, so it leaves the Secretary with no discretion except to use the means the law gives him by selling bonds to replenish the Treasury when it is depleted of gold. So far no steps looking toward a bond issue have been taken, and if the gold output ceases none will be necessary, but among well-informed Treasury officials, if the present conditions continue, a bond issue in the near future is looked upon as almost unavoidable.—Washington Post, May 10.

Southern Recipes.

The cream of cook books contains the best recipes of the old books, and many never before in print.

The New South Cook Book is beautifully bound, and will be sent to any address upon the receipt of ten cents in postage.

B. W. WRENN, G. P. A., E. T. V. & G. Knoxville, Tennessee.

We hope every one who owns a horse will read the advertisement of the Elkhart Carriage and Harness Manufacturing Company, of Elkhart, Indiana, appearing in this paper.

THREE HOURS EARLIER.

Save Time and Travel by the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railway.

If you are going to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, or any other Eastern city, be sure you travel by the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia railway.

It takes you through the beautiful mountains of East Tennessee and Virginia; through the famous Shenandoah Valley via Knoxville and Roanoke, and over the Royal Blue Line from Washington.

This route is free from dust and smoke, has steel rails, stone ballast and iron bridges; in fact it is conceded by the traveling public to be the most comfortable and picturesque line leading to all Eastern cities.

Through Pullman Sleepers from Mobile to Cleveland; solid vestibule train from Chattanooga to Washington carrying dining car and vestibule sleepers to Washington and New York, thereby making the missing of connections an impossibility.

Passengers leaving Selma at 10 p. m., arrive at Washington at 4:45 a. m., and New York at 10:35 a. m.

Sleeping car berths reserved in advance on application to any agent of the company, or to

B. W. WRENN, G. P. & T. A.

Knoxville, Tenn.

L. A. BELL, D. P. A., Selma, Ala.

BOOK-KEEPING, SHORTHAND AND PENMANSHIP.

We have recently prepared Books on the above, especially adapted to "Home Study." Sent on 60 days trial. Hundreds have been benefited hundreds of dollars by ordering our publications. Why not you?

Should you later decide to enter our College, you would receive credit for the amount paid. Four weeks by our method of teaching book-keeping is equal to 12 weeks by the old plan. Positions Guaranteed under certain conditions. Send for our free illustrated 96 page catalogue and "state your wants." Address J. F. Draughon, President—Draughon's Practical Business College and School of Shorthand and Telegraphy—Nashville, Tenn., 11 Teachers, 600 Students, the past year. No vacation. Enter any time. Cheap Board. N. B. We pay \$5.00 cash for all vacancies as book-keepers, stenographers, teachers, clerks, etc., reported to us, provided we fill same.

Burland's Old Dominion Crescent Brand.

CINNAMON PILLS, The Only Genuine RELIEF FOR LADIES.

Ask Your Druggist for Burland's Old Dominion Crescent Brand Cinnamon Pills. Shallow rectangular metallic boxes sealed with crescent. Absolutely safe and reliable. Refuse all spurious and harmful imitations. Upon receipt of Six cents in stamps we will reply by return mail, giving full particulars in plain envelope. Address, BURLAND CHEMICAL CO., Morse Bldg., N. Y. City. Please Mention This Paper.

Are You a Woman

Who has not seen a copy of

Arthur's New Home Magazine

of Philadelphia? "The best and cheapest illustrated monthly ever published in the English language." 1,500 pages for \$1.50.

Six Short Stories and splendid articles by best writers on all subjects of interest to women. Three months free if you take it now. Sample copy 10 cents.

Notice.

All parties indebted to D. W. Evans are hereby notified that we have instruction to sue on all notes and accounts that are not settled by the 1st of February.

Longshore & Beavers,

Notice No. 14,940.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., April 18, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on May 31st, 1894, viz: Constantine C. O'Barr, Homestead entry, No. 19,320, for the E 1-2 of NE 1-4, SW 1-4 of NE 1-4 of Section 24, Tp. 19 South Range 2 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Allen, James Brasher, Bill Brasher and Freddie Lee, all of Highland, Ala. 4-18-94. H. PRICELL, Register.

Indian Wars.

Congress has passed an act granting pensions to soldiers who served in the various Indian wars. For information address,

LONGSHORE & BEAVERS,

Columbiana, Ala.

Missing Word Contest.

The Sentence for June. "Patiently, with the dark lantern closed and hid under his arm, he waited behind a ragged rock in the crevice next to the clothes for the to return."

One-fourth of the net subscription receipts of those entering this contest will be divided among those who supply the correct word in the blank in the above sentence. Thus, if there are \$5,000, one-fourth would be \$1,250. If ten supply the correct word each would receive \$125, if 100, each \$125.00, &c.

The Weekly Constitution has a circulation of 156,000, and is The People's Paper. It favors Tariff Reform, an Individual Income Tax, and the Expansion of the Currency to a degree sufficient to meet the legitimate business demands of the country.

It covers the news of the world every week, having news correspondents in all the news centres of the world.

Take your home paper and The Constitution.

TWO FOR ONE.

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Of the many Populist exchanges coming to our office, none spends so much money to get the suppressed Washington news before its readers as the Nonconformist. Yes, suppressed news. What the plutocratic papers have been careful to keep their readers from finding out, the two tireless correspondents of the Nonconformist have dug up and sent to the paper for the benefit of its thousands of readers. Many a secret has thus leaked out that the plutocracy never meant the common workaday people should know.

We have made special arrangements whereby we can send the Nonconformist and the Advocate from now until January the 1st, for \$1.00.

NEW BOSTON, TEX., Dec. 5, 1893. RICHMOND SEED CO., Richmond, Va.:

This is to certify that I had "Inland Sea Island" cotton planted in alternate plots with Sea Island, Allison's Silk, Allen's latest improved long staple, Ozier Silk, Southern Hope and some other varieties of long lint. The Inland Sea Island was a great deal earlier than any of them and made one-third more lint per plot (of same size) than any, and double as much as any save one variety (Ozier Silk). While the lint was no longer than the Allen, it was much finer, softer and richer-colored than it or any except Sea Island and Allison's Silk, but it made four times as much per plot as either of these two. I think your Inland Sea Island a big jump forward in the long lint business, because of its Earliness and Prolificness. * * *

Very truly, JEFF WELBORN.

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After he has provided himself with his home paper, the next consideration of those who are not within easy reach of a first-class daily newspaper should be to elect a first-class weekly newspaper supplying all of the general news of the world, and paying special attention to features which are of particular interest to the household and the farm.

Just such a paper is The Weekly Constitution, published at Atlanta, Ga., and having a circulation of 150,000

copies a week, the largest of any weekly newspaper published in America. It is essentially a farmer's paper and stands at the head of the weekly press of this country. Its agricultural department alone is worth the subscription price of the paper, while it numbers among its contributors such well known names as Bret Harte, Mark Twain, Joel Chandler Harris, Sarge Plunkett, Bill Arp, and hosts of others whose reputations are world wide. Its women and children's departments are prepared with a special view to please the little folks and the women and its news columns literally cover the face of the earth.

Then a strictly agricultural and stock paper comes next, and the paper everybody wants is The American Farmer and Farm News. This valuable journal is a recent union of four of the oldest standard agricultural papers in America. Its columns contain only the very best original matter, especially written, by the most notable agricultural writers, such as Dr. Galen Wilson, T. Greiner, Dr. Hoskins, Henry Talcott, Fanny Field, Miller Purvis, J. M. Rice, J. E. Read, N. J. Shepherd and other experts in practical farming. Its articles are invariably terse, simple and reliable, and it is more widely quoted than almost any other farm journal.

We are enabled to offer the THREE papers, the ADVOCATE, the Constitution, and the American Farmer for a little more than the price of one, and we will take great pleasure in forwarding to the Constitution and American Farmer, for any names sent us, accompanied by \$1.65 in cash.

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—PUBLISHED BY—

The Advocate Publishing Co.,

COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA,

A. P. LONGSHORE, General Manager.

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of Independence and Principles of the St. Louis Conference.

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THE PEOPLES ADVOCATE.

VOLUME 3,

COLUMBIANA, ALA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13, 1894.

NUMBER 2.

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I have pianos from \$175 up, organs from \$30 up, and sewing machines from \$15 up. Bicycles, typewriters, sheet music and all kind of small musical instruments.

Catalogue sent free. A two-cent stamp will save you several dollars. E. E. FORD, Anniston, Ala.

The Hunter House.

I have just opened a hotel for colored people in the Browne building, near the depot, and it is my intention to furnish ample accommodations for all patrons. When you visit Columbianna come to see me, and I will give you good board at low rates. Help me to build up a good hotel, so our race can always find a first-class boarding house, where they can go and get the best of fare at cheap rates.

GEORGE HUNTER, Proprietor, Columbianna, Ala.

Notice.

All parties in debt to the late firm of Mitchell & Finley are hereby notified, that suit will be brought first January 1895, unless the parties pay the amounts due or make satisfactory arrangements.

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The Attempted Bribery.

From the National Watchman.

Last week a report became current that a man from North Dakota by the name of Buttz had made an attempt to bribe Senator Hunton and Kyle.

Senator Hunton says: Mr. Buttz went to Warrenton with letters and sought an interview with Mr. Eppa Hunton, Jr., the Senator's son. He approached Mr. Hunton as an attorney, and told him that he wished to engage his services in an important matter. He told him also that his fee was to be \$25,000 or more.

Mr. Hunton says he could as easily have received an offer of \$75,000. He asked what manner of service was required in consideration of such a handsome fee and then it was intimated that it was to secure his father's vote against the tariff bill. Mr. Hunton indignantly ordered the man from the office and at once acquainted his father with the fact. Senator Hunton laid the matter before the finance committee, and they prevailed upon him to keep quiet for the present, in hope of getting at the inside facts.

Senator Kyle says: "So far as I am concerned, I certainly had no doubt in the world that the proposition was made to me in all seriousness. I see that Mr. Buttz denies the charge in toto, so that I feel at liberty to state what I know. He represented himself to me as the agent of a New York lawyer and intimated that an immense sum of money would be used to defeat the passage of the tariff bill. He said that he was engaged in lobbying quite a number of measures through Congress, but that he could not realize anything on them until the bills were passed, and this matter afforded him an opportunity to make a little money on the side. His proposition was that I should get \$14,000 and the other \$1,000 would be retained by him for his services. We had quite a number of talks, and after each one he would say that he had to consult with the lawyer. I repeated to Senator Voorhees the purport of the very first interview immediately after it occurred and it was decided that I should endeavor to find out all I could of Mr. Buttz's intentions."

"When the matter had reached a point where I was to tell him at the succeeding interview that I would vote against the bill, I told Mr. Buttz that he had better see my clerk, Mr. McFarlane; that I did not care to do anything without discussing the matter with Mr. McFarlane, who is a personal friend. The details of his interviews with Mr. McFarlane have already been published. I also talked the matter over with Senator Hunter, whom I learned had also been approached though his son, and he seemed very much humiliated at the idea that any one should think that he would consider such a proposition."

"I am ready, of course, to make a full statement of all I know in the matter. I might add that I had known Mr. Buttz for some time before he came to see me about my vote."

The above is in brief about all that is known of the matter save that this man Buttz is a regular lobbyist, and as such not above doing this kind of work. The committee appointed to investigate this matter will also inquire into the alleged bribery of several other Senators, including Voorhees, McPherson, and Vest. It is perfectly safe to assume that this investigation, like all others, will amount to nothing. In the case of Senators Hunton and Kyle there is nothing to investigate. These two gentlemen have disclosed their honesty in the matter, and every one is satisfied of their integrity. But their honesty will now be made the buffer for the chicanery of Voorhees, Vest, McPherson, and Brice, who are and have been for months under the ban of suspicion. The statement that is going the rounds declaring the sugar trust gave \$500,000 to the Democratic campaign fund will also come under this investigation. There is not the least doubt in the

world that such a donation was made, and yet the innocence of Senators Hunton and Kyle will serve to neutralize this offense. We look for nothing but a clean whitewash for every one, including Senators Hunton and Kyle, and who need none.

PEOPLE'S PARTY PLATFORM.

The committee on platform submitted the following:

In the midst of profound peace, possessed of the richest and most fruitful country on the face of the globe, with a succession of bountiful harvests, having a frugal, intelligent, enterprising and industrious population, with inexhaustible resources of soil, minerals and staple productions, and a form of government the most simple and propitious for the spread of universal happiness and prosperity, we find at this time the people of the state of Alabama and of the whole United States environed with conditions that threaten destitution, misery, suffering and want never before known in our country's history.

We find confidence destroyed. Men from necessity are growing sordid and selfish. The moral and religious foundations of our civilization are being undermined with a dangerous spirit that substitutes vice for virtue and greed of power and wealth for honor and morality to such an extent that civilization itself is threatened, and believing that these conditions have been brought about and are now being nurtured by the two political parties we, the people's party, in state convention assembled, do put forth the following platform of principles:

1. We are actuated by a common brotherhood, espousing a common cause, cemented by a common interest, and having in view a common result, will labor to a common end.

2. As citizens of the greatest republic that time has ever known, we feel impelled by but one impulse which is the betterment and amelioration of the condition of all men, and especially that class of our fellow citizens who, on account of poverty, brought upon them by unwise and wicked laws, are reduced to privation and want by no fault of their own. We avow our determination to stand together for the enactment of such laws as will afford the most speedy relief from the evils that are upon us.

3. With steadfast faith in the principles of the Omaha platform, we unhesitatingly renew our allegiance to the doctrines therein announced, and will exert our utmost energies in the coming elections to have them engrafted upon our statute books.

4. Our faith is unshaken in the good results to come from a purged and purified ballot box, and we are, therefore, now, as we were in 1892, for a free vote and fair count, and insist that the humblest citizen should be permitted to cast his vote without fear, constraint or other undue influence, and when cast should be honestly counted, unimpeached by unscrupulous party managers or henchmen to substitute with one of their own choosing, or outnumbered with the vote of fictitious persons who do not exist or did not vote.

5. We denounce the Sayre election law as partisan and open to the commission of frauds, for which no remedy is provided and no penalty fixed and we pledge ourselves to repeal or amend it so to secure fair and honest elections as soon as we obtain control of the state government.

6. As Thomas Jefferson was opposed to any restriction upon the suffrage of men, so are we, except it be for some grades of crime, among which we would place the purchase or sale of a vote, or other interference with the honest expression of the will of the people at the ballot box.

7. We denounce the extravagant methods of the present de facto state administration, by which taxes have been increased and large sums of money borrowed at high rates of interest to defray the expenses of the current year.

8. We would discourage the spirit of emigration among the colored

people, and encourage them to be honest and industrious by dealing fairly with them and according to them their rights under the law.

9. We are opposed to the repeal of the 10 per cent tax on state banks, and the establishment of state banks of issue, as proposed by the democratic party, and insist that the power to create and issue money shall remain where the constitution places it with the federal government.

10. We favor a more extended school system.

Populist Fourth of July.

The Fourth of July, 1894, will be the second anniversary of the People's party since the Omaha convention. All true Populists refer with pride and enthusiasm to the preamble and platform adopted there as the Second Declaration of Independence.

This day was fittingly celebrated in 1893 by thousands of earnest reformers, and this year the celebration should be universal and complete in every community where there are Populists enough to hold a meeting. Since our last celebration, the powers that be, have worked to the upbuilding of our party, and they are yet at work; for we find Congress persistently endeavoring to "down the outeries of a plundered people with the uproar of a sham-battle over the tariff."

When in our declaration of 1892, we prophesied present conditions, we were called "calamity howlers." Almost every single prophecy has been fulfilled save the destruction of our government, and we find it to-day hovering over a smoldering volcano of discontent, and on the verge of wreck and ruin. Our highways and byways are crowded with unemployed American citizens in search of work, clothed in rags and being fed at cheap houses and free lunch counters.

Written petitions to Congress have so long found their way into waste baskets and dusty pigeon holes that the people have determined to present their petitions in person, and in the exercise of their constitutional right, they are brutally seized and cast into a "dungeon" because they did not "keep off the grass." While this is a dark and gloomy picture, the combined hand-work of the Democratic and Republican parties, yet there are signs of hope in the background. Encouraging news reaches us from every section of the country. Honest men with brains and influence are realizing the hopelessness of longer expecting either of the old parties to legislate for the people, and are daily joining our ranks to battle for the People's party, God's poor humanity. Demoralization and tariff tinkering are doing their perfect work.

We therefore earnestly request and urge all local committees, leagues, leagues, and People's party clubs to begin at once to arrange for celebrating the second anniversary of the Second Declaration of Independence on the 4th day of July, 1894.

Begin to make your arrangements in time, so that you will be certain to secure good speakers for the occasion. Invite your old party friends to come out and hear the truth. This day properly spent will make thousands of votes for our party.

H. E. Tammeneck,
Chairman National Committee—
People's Party.

J. H. Turner,
Secretary.

Bushel of Corn.

A bushel of corn makes four gallons of whiskey, which retails for \$16. Out of this the government gets \$3, the railroad \$1, the manufacturer \$4, the vender \$7, the farmer forty cents, and the drinker the delirious tremors.—Ex.

Abraham Lincoln was the last President selected by the people. The balance have been selected by Wall Street.—Ex.

The reform press is the only barrier left between liberty and slavery. Hold up its hands.—Ex.

The Standard-Bearer of Organized Democracy and Plutocracy is Opposed to the Education of Farmer's and Workingmen's Children in Alabama.

COL. OATES ON EDUCATION.

[From the Birmingham Evening News, May 6, 1894.]

To The News:—On the 26th of February, 1887, in a speech in Congress, Colonel Oates said:

"It is not the duty, nor is it to the interest of the State, to educate its entire population beyond the primaries."

"Universal experience teaches that if a boy, without regard to his color, be educated beyond this point, he declines ever to work another day in the sun. A higher education may do for New England, whose laboring people are chiefly engaged in manufacturing, but how would it work in Alabama, where 72 per cent. of the people are engaged in agriculture?"

In a letter published in the Montgomery Advertiser May 1, defending himself against sundry charges, Colonel Oates says of this speech:

"I am not ashamed of it and stand squarely by it now. My position was that the State should not tax its people millions of dollars each year to give farmers' sons or anybody else's sons a classical education."

This is but an effort at an "artful dodge." For no one knows better than Colonel Oates that it was a Federal and not a State measure he was discussing. That there was no proposition to tax the people of the State "millions of dollars," as he would have them believe, but that the simple proposition was whether or not a small portion of the surplus, then lying idle in the Treasury, should be used for educational purposes, or squandered, as it has been, for most extravagant and often fraudulent pensions. But the serious question involved in this matter is not whether the amount proposed to be appropriated was to come out of the Federal or State Treasury. "Nor was it whether the amount was large or small, but is found in the sentiment, the principle conveyed by the words used."

By no rule of construction can those words be made to mean anything more nor less than that he (Colonel Oates) put the farmer's son and the negro exactly on the same plane. He treated them as equals in every particular, and proposed to limit and restrict both alike to a mere primary or rudimentary education. That is to say, they should be taught to read, write and cipher, and to continue to plod in their ignorance, without an aspiration above the plow handle. And it is equally as plain that if the policy of the Colonel was carried out, the sons of the workingmen in the South, would remain mentally inferior to the sons of the workmen at the North. The plain terms language of the Colonel, as quoted above, admits of no two constructions. It means exactly what it says, and the "wayfaring man, though a fool need not err therein."

If the farmers of Alabama are willing to stamp equality on their sons and those of the negro alike, and inequality on their sons when compared with the sons of working men North, why then it is their privilege to do so. But have they the right to condemn their sons to ignorance—though all time? Shall there never be for them a "better day coming?" For it must not be forgotten that if the rule laid down by the Colonel was correct in 1887, it will be correct though all time.

Farmers and voters can you measure a public man by a safer, or wiser rule than dy the principles he avows and entertains? Can you separate a public man from his principles or can you endorse him without endorsing his principles? Will you vote for a man who utters such words as the above? For remember it would be no defense to say they were spoken years ago. The Colonel now says in May, 1894: "I am not ashamed of it and stand squarely by it now."

We are now offering the Atlanta Constitution and the Advocate for \$1.50.

The Tariff.

From the National Watchman.

We wish to call the attention of all reformers to one quite probable fact, the almost entire elimination of the tariff question in the coming campaign. It will be a guerilla warfare from start to finish. Each State and Congressional district will make the campaign upon such lines as best promise success. Unless all signs fail Kansas Republicans will make their fight as the friends of binetism. The platform adopted by the Democratic State convention of Missouri is an absolute plagiarism upon populism in many respects. It will be a campaign of lies, deceptions, and promises with the two old parties helping each other as against the Populists. If this mongrel tariff bill is passed, it signifies the surrender of the Democratic party to the ideas of protection. In fact the Wilson bill as it now stands is far worse than the McKinley law that is now in force. No sensible Democrat will defend it on the stump, unless he first declares himself a protectionist. Because of this condition we believe there will be no contest over the tariff in the coming campaign. With this old threadbare question left out, the bloody shirt and the force bill eliminated, the Populists can force a discussion of the financial question. We believe a concerted effort should be made in that direction.

If Populist speakers will confine themselves to a discussion of finance the people will come out to listen: we do not believe they will put themselves to any great trouble to hear any other question considered. It is the duty of every Populist to become familiar with these great questions in order to educate others. This can be done by reading our papers and the many good books now on sale treating of that subject. Let us make vigorous campaign. Let every one take hand in it and do his or her utmost to achieve a grand victory this fall.

Cloth of Gold.

Vick's Floral Guide is more resplendent if possible, this year, than ever before. Its covers have a background of rich gold against which is displayed a spray of the beautiful New White Branching Aster on one side and on the other a bunch of a new Double Anemone. Inside are gorgeously colored plates of Chrysanthemums, Poppies and Vegetables, besides engravings innumerable of both flowers and vegetable. The New Branching Aster is one of this season's novelties. It comes into flower six weeks before the chrysanthemums, but only an expert it is said, can tell the difference between the two flowers. Another novelty is a new species of Morning Glory, a rampant grower with huge leaves and immense rose-colored flowers from three to four inches across. The Guide, which James Vick's Sons of Rochester, N. Y., sent by mail for 10 cents, contains 112 pages aside from its pleasing pictorial features, it contains much practical information of value to amateur gardeners.—The Republican, Springfield, February 16, 1894.

TIME TABLE.

IN EFFECT

March 1st, 1894.

8 45 am	Lv Chattanooga	Ar	7 10 pm
11 35 am	Lv.... Rome	Ar	4 35 pm
1 02 pm	Ar.... Piedmont	Ar	3 10 pm
1 55 pm	Ar.... Anniston	Ar	2 20 pm
4 30 pm	Ar.... Calera	Ar	11 45 am
6 45 pm	Ar.... Selma	Lv	9 30 am
6 30 am	Lv.... Selma	Ar	11 00 pm
9 04 am	Ar Thomasville	Ar	8 32 pm
10 20 am	Ar.... Jackson	Ar	7 10 pm
12 45 pm	Ar.... Mobile	Lv	4 30 pm
6 55 pm	Lv.... Selma	Ar	9 20 am
11 40 pm	Ar.... Meridian	Lv	4 35 am

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The proposition is to send the Magazine one year for one dollar, the regular subscription price, and in addition to send each subscriber, fifty-two complete novels during the twelve months; one each week.

Think of it. You receive a new and complete novel, by mail, post paid, every week for fifty-two weeks, and in addition you get the magazine once a month for twelve months, all for one dollar. It is an offer which the publishers can only afford to make in the confident expectation of getting a hundred thousand new subscribers. Among the authors in the coming series are, Wilkie Collins, Walter Besant, Mrs. Oliphant, Mary Cecil Hay, Florence Marryat, Anthony Trollope, A. Conan Doyle, Miss Braddon, Captain Marryat, Miss Thackeray and Jules Verne. If you wish to take advantage of this unusual opportunity, send one dollar for Stafford's Magazine, one year. Your first copy of the magazine, and your first number of the fifty-two novels (one each week) which you are to receive during the year will be sent you by return mail. Remit by P. O. Order, registered letter or express. Address: STAFFORD PUBLISHING CO., Publishers of Stafford's Magazine, P. O. Box 2264, New York N. Y.

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Receivers.

Tickets at reduced rates between local points on sale after 6:00 p.m. Saturday, good returning till Monday noon. If you are going to New York, Boston, Philadelphia or Baltimore on business or pleasure you save sleeping car fares, and the expense of meals enroute by going via Central R.R. Savannah, and thence by Steamers, and at the same time enjoy the benefits of an Ocean Voyage.

Tickets include meals and state-room.

For full information write to or call on nearest ticket agent, or to, Theo. D. Kline, Gen'l Supt. W. F. Shellman, Traffic Mgr., J. C. Haile, Gen'l Passenger Agt. Savannah, Ga.

The history of the bicycle is in all that pertains to crudeness, novelty and the subsequent rapid development of lines which were the foundation of the modern bicycle of today. Since 1816 the inventive genius of man has been at work upon the construction of cycles; but not until 1869, when the American velocipede appeared can it be said that cycle manufacturing took even the slightest form of industry. The bicycle of today is a radically different affair of that of five or six years ago. Within this period the safety bicycle has superseded the dangerous high wheel, cushion tires succeeded solid ones, and these in turn have been placed among other back numbers by the more modern pneumatic tire. The highest grade bicycles of 1893, such as the world famed Victor bicycles have probably reached the stage of development where many more improvements are improbable if not impossible. The maximum and minimum in weight have been reached and it is now assured that from 28 to 35 pounds is the proper standard, varying from the former for a racer to the latter for very rough usage and heavy riders.—Scientific American.

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It is pledged to work for the overthrow of the capitalist system of production and exchange, and, realizing that reforms can only be beneficial and permanent when they rest upon the convictions of a wisely educated people, it seeks to accomplish its objects only by appeals to reason and conscience—never by force.

It is a secret organization only so far as secrecy is necessary. It is not a secret organization in the sense that its members are sworn to keep its secrets, and can never be used to shield wrongdoers.

It is open to all who labor honestly, and usefully either by hand or brain, without question of discrimination on account of creed, race or native country.

Its copy of Platform, sample copy of Circular, and full information as to how to join or organize an Assembly in your own address.

JOHN W. HAYES, Local Organizer 1894. PHILADELPHIA 1894

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THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE.

The Advocate Publishing Co. Publishers.

A. P. LONGSHORE, - - Manager.

COLUMBIANA, JUNE 13, 1894.

STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
R. F. KOLB.
For Secretary of State,
J. C. FONSECA, of Crenshaw.
For Auditor,
W. T. B. LYNCH, of Macon.
For Commissioner of Agriculture,
S. M. ADAMS, of Bibb.
For Treasurer,
T. K. JONES, of Tuscaloosa.
For Superintendent of Education,
J. P. OLIVER, of Tallapoosa.
For Attorney General,
WARREN S. REESE, Jr., of Montgomery.

In an other column will be found a letter from Mr. J. C. Mooney to T. J. Martin, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the democratic party of this county. The letter speaks for its self, and is plain and unequivocal. Mr. Mooney has adopted the right course, when the democratic party comes boldly to the front and endorses John Sherman's financial policy, there is no other course for a man to pursue who is in favor of the free coinage of silver, and a government by, of, and for the people.

We publish this week the vote of Shelby county as shown by the returns of the beat registrars. According to the returns, the whites generally have registered, the negro vote will be some 300 short in the county. Columbiana is between three and four hundred votes short, there are a good many who have failed to register, but from the best information we are able to get there was at least 200 illegal votes polled in this beat at the Court House election. We have refrained from saying so until now because we have not been able to find any one who could or would give us the facts on which to base the charge, but the registration list shows conclusively that there was considerably illegal voting in this beat. The law requiring all voters to register in May will effectually cut off illegal voting in this direction, and it is to be hoped that such things will not be attempted again in Shelby county, as the people will not submit to a repetition of such fractions.

The People's Advocate, is now two years old, and is a fixture in Shelby county. Since its inception the Advocate has espoused the cause of the people and of course had to advocate the principles of the People's Party, as it alone advocated the fundamental doctrines of democracy. The democratic and republican parties have joined together for the purpose of fastening the shackles of slavery upon the laboring people of this country; already they have set up an "anglican, monarchical aristocratic party whose avowed object is to draw over us the substance as they have already done the forms of the British government." The People's party alone is battling for the rights of man, instead of the dollar. The democratic and republican parties have destroyed silver as a money metal, and forced the country on the single gold standard, bringing in its wake, industrial paralysis, ruined homes, and starving men and women. Under such circumstances as these, there was no other course for the Advocate to pursue, in the past, and we are more firmly convinced now than ever before of the wisdom of our cause, and hence we shall continue to battle for the People's party on whose banner is inscribed "equal rights to all and special favor to none."

INDUSTRIAL LIGIONS.

All over the United States except here in Alabama, Industrial Lisions are being organized in almost every neighborhood. It is a People's party movement, and is recommended by the National Executive committee. Just at this time local organizations are of the gravest importance.—Living Truth.

You don't seem to be posted Colonel. Come up to Shelby and we will show you a well organized and well equipped Legion in every beat in the county. We have not been making any fuss, but we have been at work all the time.

DEMOCRATIC PLEDGES.

One by one the roses fall and one by one, the pledges of the democratic party are repudiated by a democratic congress. The Chicago platform promised, to have silver and gold coined at the mints of the United States without discrimination against either metal or charge for mintage. They redeemed that pledge by repealing the purchasing clause of the Sherman law, and placing the country practically on a gold basis. They promised to repeal the 10% tax on state banks and redeemed that pledge by refusing to repeal the tax. The platform declared in favor of a tariff for revenue, and that pledge has been redeemed by allowing trusts and combines, to fix the duty on numerous articles for protection. There is nothing left for this administration to do, except to make an assignment, if an assignee can be found who is willing to take the responsibility of winding up the business of the concern. The assets consists chiefly of a chance that the party has pled for, for 20 years, and broken promises, and unredeemed pledges. We would respectfully suggest John Sherman as the assignee as he is familiar with the business, having had charge of the business end of the concern since March the 4th, 1893. The only condition in the bond should be that he would faithfully discharge the duties imposed, upon him, and so manage the assets that nothing should be left except an epitaph, which should read as follows. Here lies the remains of the democratic party, it was Shermanized on the 4th, day of March 1893 by an over dose of Clevelandism, which caused mortification to set in; it gradually grew worse until about the 1st of August 1893, when an extra session of congress was called, and a diagnosis was taken by Wall street, John Sherman and Grover Cleveland, and it was decided that the patient was alarmingly ill, and they prescribed and enema of gold cure. Dr. Sherman said the patient would revive in ten days, but it continued to grow worse and congested becoming alarmed, decided to try an injection of silver but Dr. Cleveland, refused to allow the medicine to be given, and said that a plaster of bonds bearing 5 percent interest should be put on the stomach of the patient and that it would revive at once, but it did not, its extremities began to grow cold, Col. Oates and some others by this time had become thoroughly aroused, and fully conscious of its condition and they decided to have its head shaved and put a plaster of "repeal of 10% tax on state banks," on the back of the head and under the bottom of the feet but the Eastern democracy (!) said "no." And not knowing what else to do they called on the senate, and they prescribed a 40% tariff on sugar, and when Dr. Hill gave it the medicine, it caused congestion of the brain, and it was evident to all that the end was near, and Gresham said that, Queen Lil should be telegraphed for, but Carlisle said the treasury was bankrupt, and there was no money with which to send the dispatch or to buy a funeral outfit. After a short conference it was decided to notify Wall street and Lombard street of the impending desolution of the grand old party, which was done by Senator Hill. By the time Wall street arrived death had claimed its own and the remains were ordered shipped by first steamer to Rothschilds in England, and that it should be preserved in Alcohol, in order that future generation might be warned of the patent medicine known as "gold cure."

Recalling the fact that nearly all of the "organized" leaders contended that the state convention should not deal with national questions and that they exhausted all of their skill in endeavoring to keep them down, the success of the Jeffersonians in forcing them to the point where they devoted but one plank of their platform to state policies, shows that there are some folks in this state who know how to push an opponent into a mine hole when he is bucking and kicking with all his might to get out. But there is also force in the suggestion that having boxed the compass with all the promises that could be made two years ago, and having violated each and all of them, it would have been an act of supererogation to have repeated such a performance. They must have realized that "you can fool some of the people all the time, you can fool all the people part of the time, but you can not fool all the people all the time."—Alliance Herald.

VOLUME OF MONEY.

SOME INTERESTING FIGURES FOR OUR READERS.

A Concise and Correct Statement of American Finances Up to Date—English Shakes Always Waiting for Their Prey.

We are indebted to the American Bimetallic league through their recent report of "Facts About Silver," for a concise and correct statement of American finances up to date. The reports are all taken from the records of the various secretaries of the treasury from 1865 to 1894 and expose the systematic plan of contraction that has been so cunningly carried out. The following table shows the amount of money in circulation in 1865, a time when general prosperity was manifest to a degree that this country had never before nor has since witnessed. This table is from the statistical abstract No. 9 of the secretary of the treasury of that year:

Gold.....	\$189,000,000.00
Subsidiary silver...	9,500,000.00
State bank circulation.....	142,319,638.00
Demand notes.....	472,603.00
One and two year notes of 1863.....	42,338,710.00
Compound in notes.....	193,759,690.00
Fractional currency.....	25,005,828.76
National bank notes.....	146,137,990.00
Greenbacks.....	431,066,429.00
Total.....	\$1,180,197,748.76

This does not include the \$829,992,500 of 7-30 notes issued under the acts of July 17, 1861, June 30, 1864, and March 3, 1865, and which circulated as legal tender money, making the volume of money then in circulation over \$50 per capita.

It was at this period when the war was over and the stability of this nation assured that London and New York money sharks saw an opportunity at hand to reap a magnificent harvest without "sweating of the brow." We quote from "Facts About Silver."

"Two changes in the volume of money took place rapidly after 1865."

"First, the money then in existence was spread over the southern states, being soon divided among 35,000,000 instead of 24,000,000."

Second, the volume was rapidly contracted, until in 1869 it was reduced to less than \$700,000,000 for 40,000,000 of people, and was no larger in 1879 when resumption took place for 50,000,000 of people, being reduced at this time to \$14 per capita.

"Of course prices fell in proportion. We were told, however, that the cause of prices was over production. People did not understand as well as they do now that the real cause was the change in the money volume."

"Commodities are always weighed against money, and where there is little money more commodities must be given for a dollar."

"But while the volume of paper money was being rapidly contracted from 1865 to 1873, both gold and silver were money, and we had the right to fall back on the two metals at the ratio of 16 to 1 for money supply, and every dollar of the vast debt stated in the preceding paragraph, as well as a much larger sum of state, municipal and private debts, if not payable in legal tender paper, was at any rate, payable in either gold or silver coin, at the option of the debtor."

"The general understanding at the close of the war was that the public debt was payable in greenbacks."

"Could there be any excuse in the world for striking down half the money in 1873?"

"No bonds or other government obligations were ever made specifically payable in gold. The interest on the bonds was payable in coin, the principal of the original bonds in lawful money, and of the refunding bonds, in coin. No map on the earth had the legal or moral right to demand gold payment; much less had any one the right to demand that silver be demonetized and gold made dearer, and then that the payment of all debts should be made exclusively in gold."

Why then was the money standard changed? There can be but one reason. A change in the money standard from gold and silver to gold alone would correspondingly increase all debts in the hands of those who held them. A proposition to directly increase the bonded debt of the United States, or any other debts, would have been too barefaced a fraud to be made

by any one. Nor would any one have dared to propose an increase in the weight of coins as a means of increasing debts, but if one of the money metals could be dropped out, the effect on the other and on this would be the same as if the weight of the coins had been increased. Hence the device to demonetize silver and in that way to increase the value of money, and with it all debts, was brought forward and clandestinely put through congress.—Ex.

Harpersville Locals.
Rev. W. J. Ray who has been attending Howard college, returned home last week.

John S. Leeper and Mr. Graham, of Calera, passed through our beat last Saturday on their way to Vir- cent, it is reported that they went up to consult with Eugene Williams.

The democrats in this beat are badly scared, men are leaving their ranks in such crowds that they decided something had to be done to stop it. They fell upon the plan of making them sign a pledge, they forget that under the sayre election law they can't tell how a man votes. It is reported that Parson Jim Parker made a speech, a lecture or a sermon, just as you are a mind to call it, to the members of the colored Baptist church near this place, last Monday, in which he undertook to show that Cleveland, and the democratic party were not responsible for the hard times and the distress which now afflicts this county. The distinguished Divine selected a rather unusual day and place to make a political speech.

Whats up! There has been an unusual stir among the organized in this beat the last 10 days. Men have been riding over the beat with a pledge to support the Oats ticket, begging men to sign it, and it is said they have succeeded in getting about 70 men out of 300 to sign it, many have signed it who will not vote the ticket in August. They preferred to sign rather than have their supplies cut off just now; but there were others who refused, saying they would starve before they would be bought or bulldozed into signing away their freedom to vote as they please. All honor to a man black or white, who can't be bought or bulldozed.

The Damage Done by Dogs in this Country.

Mr. Editor: I wish every man in Shelby and every other county, could and would consider what the damage that is done by the dogs.

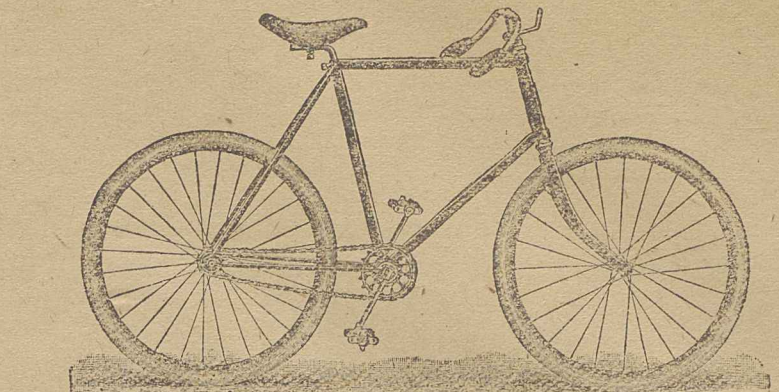
First, we will think of one man woman or child that might be bitten by a mad dog and would die from the effects, what would every dog in the United States be worth to that person. Now we will look at the damage done to stock by dogs, just think of one man living in Shelby county that has lost one or two fine mules and some fine cows with the dog bite, one good mule is of more value than all the dogs in Alabama.

Now we take the sheep and goats, the sheep stock is the most valuable of all stock, and the sheep as we all know are worse imposed upon of any poor dumb brute on earth. The expense that has been gone too, to try to raise sheep in this country and the way that they have been destroyed by the worthless fiest and curr dogs. I want to say that it is one of the greatest shames of this country.

Just think of the corn and wheat that it takes to feed these dogs, besides the sheep and goats they destroy, and hundreds and thousands of children can't get bread to eat, and yet the dogs live and destroy. I would like to know why our law making power can't make the dog as property and have a tax put on them to be paid on as all other property. If this was done then all the dogs that was kept would be cared for, and none would be had but the very best, and they would be looked after and kept at home, and people could raise sheep and goats and would not loose so many cows and calves by the worthless curs running through the country. Farmers and all, just think of it, did you ever count the cost of dogs, if you have not, will you do so now. I want to see if some one else can't say more on the dog subject in the next issue.

The grabbercrats may succeed in suppressing Coxey's army, but the principles for which they are contending will live as long as the love of justice animates the human heart.

VICTORS are Standard Value.

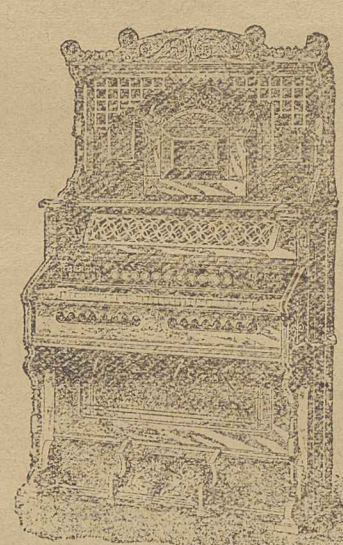


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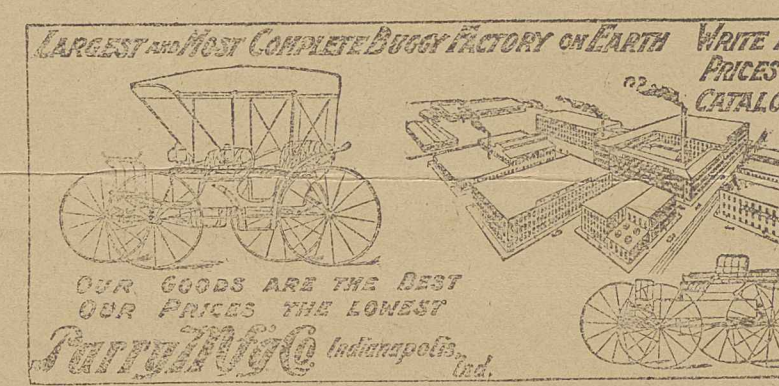
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THE PEOPLE'S
ADVOCATE,
—PUBLISHED BY—
The Advocate Publishing Co.,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA
A. P. LONGSHORE, - - - General Manager

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One Dollar a Year. Six Months, 50c. Three Months, 25c.

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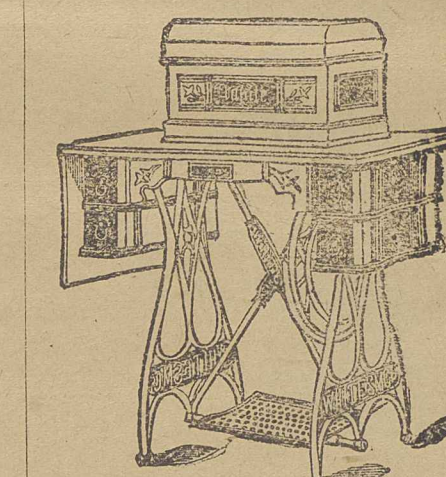
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WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE courts of the district and in the Federal Courts and the Supreme Court of Alabama.

Notice No. 14,902.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE at Montgomery, AL., March 23, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on May 3rd, 1894, viz: William M. Allen, Homestead entry, No. 19319, for the SEC. of Sec. 24, Tp. 19 south of Range 3 west.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: James E. Brasher, Ed Lee, W. C. Brasher, all of Highland, John C. Allen, of Quita, Ala. J. H. BISHAM, Register.

FAIR NOTICE.

I have now finished my two regular rounds for assessing the taxes of this county for the year 1894. Those who have not assessed will please give in their assessments to the Deputy Assessor of their respective beats.

After the 1st day of May I shall strictly enforce section 26, pages 41 and 42 of the Revenue Code of Alabama, for 1894.

J. H. HAMMOND,

Tax Assessor of Shelby County, March 26 1894.

THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE.

Published Every Wednesday.

Entered at the postoffice at Columbia, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

COLUMBIANA, JUNE 12, 1894.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
One copy one year, \$1.00
One copy six months, .50
One copy three months, .25

Furnish Advertising Rates on Application

COURT CALENDAR.

Circuit Court.—Convenes the eighth Monday after the fourth Monday in January and July. Hon. L. E. Box, Judge.

Chancery Court.—Convenes twice a year. Hon. S. K. McSpadden, Chancellor.

County Court.—Regular terms begin the second Monday in February, May, August and November, each term being a jury term. Hon. John S. Leeper, Judge.

E. T. V. & G. Time Card.

Trains on the E. T. V. & G. railway arrive at Columbia as follows:

NORTH BOUND.
No. 6, Mail and Express, 1:15 a. m.
No. 44, Local Freight, 2:25 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.
No. 6, Mail and Express, 2:25 a. m.
No. 45, Local Freight, 7:00 a. m.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

J. P. Adams, was on the sick list last week.

Work on the new depot commenced Monday.

N. A. Graham, of Calera, was in the city Sunday.

Bud Cromwell, of Yellow Leaf, spent Sunday in the city.

Miss Ella Tallant is visiting relatives in Calera this week.

J. R. Beavers, was absent several days last week at Vincent.

G. R. Dean and Irwin Bailey, of Calera, was in the city Friday.

Miss Leila Parker is visiting friends at Mapersville this week.

I. D. Mason, left Monday for Greensboro, to spend a few days.

Henry Wilson and lady, visited relatives in Montevallo last week.

Neil McMillan, of Talladega Springs, spent Saturday in the city.

Mrs. North of Montevallo, visited relatives and friends in the city last week.

Mrs. Gardner of Childersburg, is visiting the family of B. L. Moore this week.

Miss Lena Hendrick, of Renfro, is visiting the family of H. W. Nelson this week.

R. E. McLean was absent several days last week in Birmingham, on professional business.

Mrs. D. R. McMillan and children, visited relatives and friends near Childersburg last week.

James Evans and wife spent several days last week on Yellow Leaf, visiting relatives and friends.

Messrs. Dick McLendon and Edgar Holcomb, of Calera, were visiting friends in the city Sunday.

Mrs. Davis Pardue and son, of Camp Branch, visited the family of B. L. Moore Saturday and Sunday.

Misses Kate Seabrooks and Neha Chitt of Childersburg, are visiting friends and relatives in town this week.

We understand there are several cases of whooping cough prevalent in town. But we earnestly hope it may not prove fatal.

Maj. John W. Pitts, D. C. Davis and J. L. Anderson, passed through the city Monday enroute to Calera, to attend the Executive Committee meeting.

The Sunday School picnic will be had today (Wednesday) at Cromwells Spring, one mile east of Columbiana, all are invited to attend, especially the children.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Wimpee and daughter Chlorea, accompanied by the Misses Cromwell, attended the closing exercises of the Wilsonville High School last Friday night.

The young people of our town attended a very enjoyable sociable at the residence of W. G. Parker last Friday night. All expressed themselves as having a very pleasant time.

A protracted meeting began Monday night at the Baptist church here, under the control of Dr. E. B. Teague and Rev. C. W. O'Hara. We wish them a faithful and happy meeting.

MARRIED: At the court house last Monday evening, Mr. Willie Hartsfield and Miss Hattie Armstrong, Rev. S. S. Crumpton officiating. The Advocate wishes them a bright and happy future.

Fourth of July.

Chairman Taubeneck, of the National Executive Committee, recommends that Populists celebrate the 4th of July as the 2nd, anniversary of the (Omaha) declaration of independence. Shelby will celebrate at Dogwood. Hon. S. M. Adams and A. P. Longshore will certainly be there and we hope to have Hon. W. H. Skaggs. Hon. A. T. Goodwyn and P. G. Bowman there also.

Wilsonville, Ala., May 28, 94.

T. J. Martin, Esq., Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of Shelby county.

Dear Sir: I hear by tender you my resignation as a member of the county democratic executive committee from Wilsonville. I cannot and will not support Oates for governor.

I will not support any ticket that endorses Clevelands administration. Yours Respectfully, JAMES C. MOONEY.

Five members of the "crack team of Columbiana" went to Camp Branch on last Saturday to assist that team to defeat Highland, but unfortunately the score went against them 23 to 17, and they were obliged to acknowledge their defeat.

Creswell Items.

The long continued drought has seriously injured crops.

J. B. Pitts and lady are absent this week attending the bedside of a sick relative in beat 8.

Mr. H. E. Smith, and his sister Miss Isaline, are visiting friends and relatives in Pellico this week.

Judge Leeper, de facto, of Columbiana, and N. A. Graham, of Calera, visited Eugene Williams last week.

To Mrs. J. S. Pitts are the young folks of our community indebted for a pleasant sociable last Friday evening.

Rev. W. J. Sinnott had a good congregation to hear him Sunday and, as usual preached an excellent sermon.

Miss Mamie Seabrook, a charming young lady of Childersburg, visited friends and relatives in our vicinity last week.

Miss Jennie Bates was taken suddenly ill while in church Sunday and had to be carried home. We hope the attack is nothing very serious.

Jake, the Harpersville correspondent, of the Chronicle, is a candidate for commissioner on the Cleveland-Oates ticket in this county. Now when the votes are counted in August and it is found that his beat and his county have both gone against him it will be too bad, won't it Jake?

Center Institute Snaps.

Health of our community good.

Our farmers are most done chopping cotton.

Girls didn't you know this was not leap year.

A good rain is badly needed in this section of the country.

Eddie Martin, Esq., of Pelham, was in our community last week.

Wheat harvest is about over and we can hear the bob white whistle on every side of the patch.

Rev. R. W. Inzer filled his regular appointment here on the first Saturday and Sunday.

Hon. Rufus Lester, of Columbiana, was up on the first Sunday wearing his sweet smiles.

Miss Orta you must not keep that boys umbrella and tell the other girls that it is our umbrella.

Our Literary Society meets next Saturday night, we hope every member will come and give us good order.

AVUNT FANNIE.

Four Mile Breeze.

Local items scarce.

Will McEwen is on the sick list this week.

Health of community good with few exceptions.

Politics are hooping up in beat 3, Kolb and Longshore, are the leaders of the day.

J. E. Dykes spoke to a good crowd at Four Mile last Saturday we might well say that he is a hustler.

Hon. J. E. Dykes and wife of Simmons, visited their Daughter Mrs. J. D. Smith of this community last week.

Crops are looking well at present, especially the corn crop, cotton has been damaged by the cool weather and is looking bad.

The true blues have a fine pair of Billies, now Billie Oats and Billie Stephens, one is black out side and the other black in side.

One of our boys went off on a training spree one night last week and he went home with out any pants, how is S.

REX.

Primary Election Changed.

The county Executive Committee of the People's party met at Calera Tuesday. Forty three members were present. The time of holding the primary election to nominate candidates for county officers was changed to Saturday June the 23rd, and the Executive Committee will meet in the court house Monday June 25th to count the vote and declare the result. Full proceedings next week.

Southern Recipes.

The cream of cook books contains the best recipes of the old books, and many never before in print.

The New South Cook Book is beautifully bound, and will be sent to any address upon the receipt of ten cents in postage.

B. W. WRENS, G. P. A., E. T. V. & G. Knoxville, Tennessee.

SOUND ARGUMENT.

Calculated to Convince the Skeptic and Convert the Unbeliever.

Many persons think the Electro-poise only a fake cure but I can testify to the contrary. I had not a particle of faith in it and most strenuously opposed its use saying that I knew it would not do me any good it is an old saying that "we always praise the bridge that carries us over safely." Therefore, I cannot say too much in praise of the Electro-poise, being confident as I am that it snatched me from the jaws of death. The last day of December 1892, I was attacked with violent nervous prostration being able to neither eat nor sleep. An attack of grip just before this left my digestion so impaired that it reacted on my nerves, causing almost total loss of sleep in spite of all my physician could do for me. I remained in state of suffering four long months, when my daughter, who lives in Alabama, came to me in North Carolina to treat me with her Electro-poise. After many bitter protests I consented for her to try it on me simply to gratify her. To my great surprise I began to improve from the very first application, and in five weeks I was perfectly well, it having cured every disorder incident to my disease. I am 72 years old; have not taken a drop of physic since I began the use of Electro-poise. My digestion is perfect. I sleep as quietly as an infant and feel as well as I ever did. All of which I owe through the interposition of providence to the intelligent use of the Electro-poise.

Mrs. M. E. Nicholson, Care of Mrs. W. P. Nelson, Sunshine, Ala., July 25, 1892. For a fifty-page book, just issued, and mailed free on application, giving full particulars as regards the Electro-poise, write to DeBois & Wren, 1911 1/2 First ave., Birmingham Ala.

In Line and Far Ahead!

E. T. V. & G. Improves their All-ready Fast Train Service.

Commencing Sunday, May 20th, the following Fast Schedule will be effective via The East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railway, and it will be permanent:

DAILY TRAINS.

Leave Mobile,	4:00 p m
Selma,	10:10 p m
Arrive Cleveland,	8:00 a m
Knoxville,	10:25 - -
Bristol,	3:12 p m
Roanoke,	7:22 - -
Washington,	4:45 a m
Baltimore,	5:45 - -
Philadelphia,	8:31 - -
New York,	10:55 - -

On this schedule Passengers leaving Selma by the E. T. V. & G. Ry, reach Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York three hours earlier than by any other line.

Through connection to Norfolk, Old Point Comfort, and Richmond with only one day and night on the road, before reaching all of the Summer Resorts of East Tennessee, the Virginias and Carolinas. Pullman Sleepers. Mobile to Cleveland. Solid Vestibule Train to Washington, carrying Dining Car, and Vestibule Sleepers through to Washington and New York.

Notice to Non-Resident.

No. 245. State of Alabama—Shelby county. H. C. McAdams vs Wm. E. Sawyer, defendant. R. L. Sawyer, Garnisher.

Before H. E. Reynolds, a Notary Public Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace for said county.

Before me, as said Justice of the Peace this 24th, day of May, 1894, came the plaintiff in the above entitled cause; and it appearing that a garnishment has been issued to R. L. Sawyer in order to subject money or property belonging to defendant and that defendant is a non-resident of this state. It is therefore ordered that notice of said attachment and the return day thereof which is June 29th 1894, be given Wm. E. Sawyer, by publication once a week for three successive weeks before said 24th day of June, 1894, in the People's Advocate, a newspaper published in said county, and a copy thereof be mailed to said defendant at his place of residence when known.

Given under my hand this 24th day of May 1894. H. E. Reynolds, Notary Public and Ex-officio Justice of the Peace.

TAKE MATHEDFORD'S BLACK DRAUGHT

FOR DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, SLENNESS OF STOMACH, LIVENESS, SICK OR NERVOUS HEADACHE, JAUNDICE, LOSS OF APPETITE.

None Genuine Without the Licenser and Signature of M. A. THEOPHORE ON FRONT OF EACH WRAPPER. M. A. THEOPHORE MED. CO. ROME, GA.

Notice.

United States Land Office, Montgomery, Ala., April 25th 1894. Complaint having been entered at this office by James M. Hale against James T. Richards for abandoning his Homestead Entry No. 21334, dated April 24th, 1883, upon the SE 1/4 of NE 1/4 Section 8, Tp. 21 S Range 2 west, in Shelby County, Alabama, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at Columbiana, Ala., before Wm. R. A. Milner, on the 21st day of June 1894, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

L. W. HURTER, Receiver.

Notice No. 14,788.

Notice For Publication.

LAND OFFICE at Montgomery, Ala., February 19, 1894. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on April 14th, 1894, viz: Dora L. Phillips, formerly Dora L. Thomas, Homestead entry, No. 20333, for the NW 1/4 of SE 1/4 of SW 1/4 of Sec. 25, Tp. 20 south R. 2 W.

She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George W. Stone, of Pelham, Ala.; King H. Davis, Jr., William O. Blackberry and Clem Davis, all of Columbiana, Ala. J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a mortgage, executed by Mrs. Hester P. Elliott on the 24 day of January 1893, to the undersigned Richard H. Richardson, Brothers & Co., to secure the payment of the indebtedness and obligations therein described, which said mortgage is recorded in Vol. 24, Record of Mortgages, page 537 in the office of the Judge of Probate of Shelby County, Alabama, I, the undersigned, Richard H. Richardson, Brothers & Co., will on the 21st day of May 1894, proceed to sell at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the court house door of said county, the following described property, to wit: E 1-2 of NE 1-4 and SW 1-4 of NE 1-4 of Sec. 25, Tp. 19 R. 1 E.; NW 1-4 of SE 1-4 of NW 1-4 of Sec. 25, Tp. 19 R. 1 E.; Part of SW 1-4 of Sec. 25, Tp. 19 R. 1 E., containing 566 acres more or less and known as the Jas. B. Coper place, situated on Clear Prong Creek, in Shelby County, Alabama.

Said sale will be made to satisfy the indebtedness and obligations secured by said mortgage, default having been made thereon.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a mortgage, executed by Mrs. Hester P. Elliott on the 24 day of January 1893, to the undersigned Richard H. Richardson, Brothers & Co., to secure the payment of the indebtedness and obligations therein described, which said mortgage is recorded in Vol. 24, Record of Mortgages, page 537 in the office of the Judge of Probate of Shelby County, Alabama, the undersigned, Richard H. Richardson, Brothers & Co., will on the 21st day of May 1894, proceed to sell at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the court house door of said county, the following described property, to wit: E 1-2 of NE 1-4 and SW 1-4 of NE 1-4 of Sec. 25, Tp. 19 R. 1 E.; SE 1-4 of NE 1-4 and W 1-2 of NW 1-4 of Sec. 25, Tp. 19 R. 1 E.; NW 1-4 of SE 1-4 of NE 1-4 of NW 1-4 of Sec. 25, Tp. 19 R. 1 E.; Part of SW 1-4 of Sec. 25, Tp. 19 R. 1 E., containing 566 acres more or less and known as the Jas. B. Coper place, situated on Clear Prong Creek, in Shelby County, Alabama.

Said sale will be made to satisfy the indebtedness and obligations secured by said mortgage, default having been made thereon.

Pickens & Thayer, Mortgagees. Browne, McMillan & Leeper, Lane & White, Attys for Mortgagees.

Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County—Probate Court of said County.

A. M. Elliott, deceased—Estate of. The said estate having been declared insolvent, the 16th day of April 1894, has been appointed for B. L. Moore, the Administrator de bonis non, of said estate, to appear and make a settlement of his administration, and that said hereby cited to be and appear at my office, at the Court House of said County, on said day, to contest the same, if you think proper.

Witness my hand, this 10th day of March 1894. Jno. S. Leeper, Judge of Probate.

SPRING GOODS?

We have just received a beautiful stock of Lawns, Mulls, Ginghams, Dressgoods, &c.,

AND ESPECIALLY INVITE YOU

To examine them and get our prices before making your purchases.

MILLINERY GOODS

A most attractive line of these goods have just reached us from New York, and we can please you in Style and Prices.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE THEM.

OUR STOCK OF

Cents Clothing, Furnishing Goods,

SHOES, HATS, &c., IS LARGER THAN EVER.

WE ALSO HAVE ON HAND A FINE LINE OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES, at as low prices as can be found in the market.

DON'T FAIL TO TRY OUR

Celebrated Home Mixture Guano And Acid Phosphate.

CASH.

TO THOSE WHO WISH TO MAKE CASH

Bills. We Will Offer Especial Inducements and Can Save You Money.

Call and Get Our Prices.

Johnston & White.

A Short Story is Soon Told
ACTUAL MERIT
Is a Sure Foundation!

Don't experiment with new and untried Nurseries, but buy from a house that guarantees the fruit to come true to name. Such a firm is

Downer Bros., of Fiar View, Ky.

Represented in this section by J. H. BROWN,

Columbiana, Alabama.

ELKHART WAGON AND WAREHOUSE MFG. CO.

No. 1, Farm Wagon. Heavy solid construction for 20 years. No. 119 Road Wagon. Extra heavy construction. No. 120 Road Wagon. Extra heavy construction. No. 121 Road Wagon. Extra heavy construction. No. 122 Road Wagon. Extra heavy construction. No. 123 Road Wagon. Extra heavy construction. No. 124 Road Wagon. Extra heavy construction. No. 125 Road Wagon. Extra heavy construction. No. 126 Road Wagon. Extra heavy construction. No. 127 Road Wagon. Extra heavy construction. No. 128 Road Wagon. Extra heavy construction. No. 129 Road Wagon. Extra heavy construction. No. 130 Road Wagon. Extra heavy construction. No. 131 Road Wagon. Extra heavy construction. No. 132 Road Wagon. Extra heavy construction. No. 133 Road Wagon. Extra heavy construction. No. 134 Road Wagon. Extra heavy construction. No. 135 Road Wagon. Extra heavy construction. No. 136 Road Wagon. Extra heavy construction. No. 137 Road Wagon. Extra heavy construction. No. 138 Road Wagon. Extra heavy construction. No. 139 Road Wagon. 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DON'T EDUCATE THE YOUTH

Whether White or Black, Oates Says it Unfits Him for Manual Labor.

Let the Records continue to speak, and let the people know the facts, and render the verdict, and when they have done this no honorable man can have fault of malice.

During the 49th congress, February 26th, 1887, in a speech on the Agricultural Experiment Stations, Col. Oates used the following language:

"It is not the duty, nor is it to the interest of the state to educate its entire population beyond the primaries."

"Universal experience teaches that if a boy, without regard to his color, be educated beyond this point, he declines every to work another day in the sun. A higher education may do for New England, whose laboring people are chiefly engaged in manufacturing, but how would it work in Alabama where 75 per cent of the people are engaged in agriculture."

Farmers of Alabama, Col. Oates says it is not to the interest of the state to educate your sons beyond a more primary education. You must be taxed to provide a university for the rich, but your sons must be kept on the plain of negro education; they must be ignorant, or might quit the field and get in the shade where Col. Oates has been for fourteen years living on your taxes. This would be too good and too easy for them, they must be bound down as "hewers of wood and drawers of water" and be made the slaves to the rich, the gold-bugs and the money power; if educated they might learn something of the modes of the gold crowd and money gang by which though an unconditional repeal of the Sherman law, for which Col. Oates voted, and other kindred legislation, and they might check these pirates in their plunder of the people, and destruction of free institutions that the money and privilege classes may subjugate the masses and rule and administer this country in their own selfish interest.

NOT AS GOOD AS NEW ENGLAND'S SONS. Higher education may do for New England's sons, where the gold power and protective system rule, but an Alabama farmer's son, must not have it, it will take him out of the sun. Where he should be according to Col. Oates, and let those after the Oates stripe hold the offices and govern the people.

Young men of Alabama, who are farmers, and will for the future have to earn your living at the plough handles, will you advocate the cause of a man, who utters and believes such sentiments as Col. Oates has expressed on the floor of the American House of Representatives, and aid in making him Governor of Alabama? Such sentiments are published to the world by Col. Oates, that it will not do to trust a farmer boy with education. Such a reflection upon the patriotism, the virtue, the manhood, and every inspiration of honor, of the farmers and their children.

Democrats of Alabama read and ponder before you give your aid to exalt a man who entertains such sentiments. Not only does he ask you to make him his exalted office, to enable him to step into the United States Senate, and there further humiliate you and cast reflections upon you, that it is not to the interest of the state to educate your sons beyond a primary education.

What Made Them Millionaires.

We have been asked repeatedly to ascertain the sources from which our millionaires have obtained their wealth. We have consulted almost every authority and finally have taken the following for Mr. Holme's recent article. There are 4,047 so-called millionaire families, with an average wealth of \$3,000,000 each. The sources of their wealth are given as follows:

Land and its exploitation grabbing	825
Natural and artificial monopolies.	410
Agriculture, stock, sugar, etc., often with land	36
Trade and manufactures, land and securities	2,065
Interest, profit, and speculation	539
Inheritances, otherwise unexplained.	34
Miscellaneous.	70
Unknown.	21

Total. 4,047

Here is food for reflection.

Southern Recipes.

The cream of cook books contains the best recipes of the old books, and many never before in print.

The New South Cook Book is beautifully bound, and will be sent to any address upon the receipt of ten cents in postage.

B. W. WRENN, G. P. A., E. T. V. & G. Knoxville, Tennessee.

We hope every one who owns a horse will read the advertisement of the Elkhart Carriage and Harness Manufacturing Company, of Elkhart, Indiana, appearing in this paper.

B. L. MOORE

Justice of the Peace,

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Collection of Claims a Specialty.

THREE HOURS EARLIER.

Save Time and Travel by the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railway.

If you are going to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, or any other Eastern city, be sure you travel by the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia railway.

It takes you through the beautiful mountains of East Tennessee and Virginia; through the famous Shenandoah Valley via Knoxville and Roanoke, and over the Royal Blue Line from Washington.

This route is free from dust and smoke, has steel rails, stone ballast and iron bridges; in fact it is conceded by the traveling public to be the most comfortable and picturesque line leading to all Eastern cities.

Through Pullman Sleepers from Mobile to Cleveland; solid vestibule train from Chattanooga to Washington carrying dining car and vestibule sleepers to Washington and New York, thereby making the missing of connections an impossibility.

Passengers leaving Selma at 10 p.m. arrive at Washington at 4:45 a.m., and New York at 10:35 a.m.

Sleeping car berths reserved in advance on application to any agent of the company, or to

B. W. WRENN, G. P. & T. A.

Knoxville, Tenn.

L. A. BELL, D. P. A., Selma, Ala.

BOOK-KEEPING.

SHORTHAND AND PENMANSHIP.

We have recently prepared Books on the above, especially adapted to "Home Study." Sent on 60 days trial.

Hundreds have been benefited hundreds of dollars by ordering our publications. Why not you?

Should you later decide to enter our College, you would receive credit for the amount paid. Four weeks by our method of teaching book-keeping is equal to 12 weeks by the old plan. Position Guaranteed under certain conditions. Send for our free illustrated 98 page catalogue and "state your wants." Address J. F. Draughon President—Draughon's Practical Business College and School of Shorthand and Telegraphy—Nashville, Tenn. 11 Teachers, 600 Students the past year. No vacation. Enter any time. Cheap Board. N. B. We pay \$5.00 cash for all vacancies as book-keepers, stenographers, teachers, clerks, etc., reported to us, provided we fill same.

Barland's Old Dominion Crescent Brand.

CINNAMON PILLS,

The Only Genuine

RELIEF FOR LADIES.

Ask Your Druggist for Barland's Old Dominion Crescent Brand Cinnamon Pills. Shallow rectangular metallic boxes sealed with crescent. Absolutely safe and reliable. Refuse all spurious and harmful imitations. Upon receipt of Six cents in stamps we will reply by return mail, giving full particulars in plain envelope. Address, **BURLAND CHEMICAL CO.,** Morse Bldg., N. Y. City.

Please Mention this Paper.

Are You a Woman

Who has not seen a copy of

Arthur's New Home Magazine

of Philadelphia? "The best and cheapest illustrated monthly ever published in the English language." 1,500 pages for \$1.50.

Six Short Stories

and splendid articles by best writers on all subjects of interest to women.

Three months free if you take it now. Sample copy 10 cents.

Notice.

All parties indebted to D. W. Evans are hereby notified that we have instruction to sue on all notes and accounts that are not settled by the 1st of February.

Longshore & Beavers.

Notice No. 14,940.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., April 18, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on May 31st, 1894, viz: Constantine C. O'Barr, Homestead entry, No. 19,320, for the E 1-2 of NE 1-4, SW 1-4 of NE 1-4 of Section 24, Tp. 19 South, Range 2 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Allen, James Brasher, Bill Brasher and Freddie Lee, all of Highland, Ala. 4-18-6. H. PERCILL, Register.

Indian Wars.

Congress has passed an act granting pensions to soldiers who served in the various Indian wars. For information address,

LONGSHORE & BEAVERS, Columbiana, Ala.

Missing Word Contest.

The Sentence for June.

"Patiently, with the dark lantern closed and hid under his arm, he waited behind a ragged rock in the crevice next to the clothes for the to return."

One-fourth of the net subscription receipts of those entering this contest will be divided among those who supply the correct word in the blank in the above sentence. Thus, if there are \$5,000, one-fourth would be \$1,250. If ten supply the correct word each would receive \$125, if 100, each \$12.50, &c.

The Weekly Constitution has a circulation of 150,000, and is the People's Paper. It favors Tariff Reform, an individual income tax and the expansion of the Currency to a degree sufficient to meet the legitimate business demands of the country.

It covers the news of the world every week, having news correspondents in all the news centres of the world.

Take your home paper and The Constitution.

TWO FOR ONE.

Both for \$1.50.

Cotton At 16 cts. Per Lb.

SEED FOR TRIAL PURPOSES ONLY. We Have Every Seed in Existence.

There is no Money in cotton at 8c.

There is an active, strong demand for long staples at 16c. Then why not plant it? Your answer is: Because none of the long staples will make enough to the acre to justify planting them even at 16 cts. per lb.; it is difficult to gin it properly; it is hard to pick-out, and lands will not produce staples, and so on.

Inland Sea Island is a long staple cotton in which all objections are removed. It is ENORMOUSLY PRODUCTIVE, easily ginned and no trouble to pick out. You can make it with no extra expense or trouble. See what Mr. Jeff Welborn has to say.

New Boston, Tex., Dec. 5, 1893. RICHMOND SEED CO., Richmond, Va.:

This is to certify that I had "Inland Sea Island" cotton planted in alternate plots with Sea Island, Allison's Silk, Allen's latest improved long staple, Ozier Silk, Southern Hope and some other varieties of long lint. The Inland Sea Island was a great deal earlier than any of them and made one-third more lint per plot (of same size) than any, and double as much as any save one variety (Ozier Silk). While the lint was no longer than the Allen, it was much finer, softer and richer-colored than it or any except Sea Island and Allison's Silk, but it made four times as much per plot as either of these two. I think your Inland Sea Island a big jump forward in the long lint business, because of its Earliness and Prolificness. ***

Very truly, JEFF WELBORN.

No Seed For Sale until next season save a limited number of packets, which we send out for trial purposes. Will positively refuse to sell seed any other way this season. Space forbids our saying more here, but write us for full information.

Packets 25 cts. by mail, 3 for 60 cts., 6 for \$1.00.

RICHMOND SEED CO., Richmond, Va.

SEEDS! WORLD'S FAIR MEDAL & DIPLOMA.

My exhibit of Seeds and Garden Vegetables was awarded several Premiums and a Special Diploma by Piedmont Exposition Judges in 1891. Incouraged by this success, I sent a collection of Seeds to the World's Fair, and was awarded Medal and Diploma for best collection there. This is high endorsement for the Seed met in competition those great seed houses of this country, but mine got there beautifully. I have had experience with the various seeds offered the farmers, and my judgment says the collection below is the best. The collection is a choice selection of Garden Vegetable Seeds, and is gotten up with the idea of establishing a seed business: 28 papers (extra large) of choice Vegetable Seed; 1 package containing 200 Annuals (Flowers); 1 package of my Cotton, "King's Improved"; 1 package of my Corn, "King's Improved"—all postpaid for \$1.00. Circulars telling all about my Seed free.

Address T. J. KING, Richmond, Va.

THE PUBLIC IS

HEREBY NOTIFIED

—THAT—

I HAVE LOCATED ON MY PLACE NEAR

MORGAN SCHOOL HOUSE.

:::A Saw Mill:::

And I am prepared to furnish UNDRESSED LUMBER in any quantities at reasonable prices

LUMBER SOLD AT MILL OR DELIVERED

At Columbiana if desired. Give us a call.

T. B. HOLCOMBE

LADIES!!!

Have you planned your flower garden for this year? You will want some new flowers, of course, a few bulbs, plants, and so on; but whether you get them or not, you are going to have a generous supply of annuals; they are always in style and always sure to repay us for our trouble. Now we want to furnish you annuals (200 varieties) this year FREE OF CHARGE. We do it not because we are over generous, but because our gift will attract your attention to something else which to see is to want. The prettiest and best of all periodicals published for ladies at a low price is "WOMAN"—a large illustrated monthly, as bright as a new pin and as charming as a spring bonnet. It is the delight of the household, furnishing happiness for the sitting room, comfort for the sick room, a valuable help for the sewing room, the kitchen and the garden—a perfect home paper, cut to fit and to delight woman, the home-maker. The beautiful picture on the first page of every issue is alone worth the subscription price. Now for our offer. Send us ten cents (stamps or silver) and we will send you WOMAN two months on trial, and, in addition, we will send you 200 varieties of

FLOWER SEED FREE!

This offer is for immediate acceptance. Don't put it off. Send to-day, and you will receive the seed and WOMAN promptly. Address, WOMAN PUBLISHING CO., Richmond, Va.

PEOPLE'S REFORM

OVER 150 REFORM BOOKS, Song Books, ETC.

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Judge B. B. B. B.

THE PEOPLES ADVOCATE.

VOLUME 3,

COLUMBIANA, ALA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 20, 1894.

NUMBER 3.

To the Farmers.

I will sell you a Piano, Organ or Sewing Machine and let you pay 1/2 this fall, 1/2 the fall of '94, and the balance fall of '95. I will ship them to you on ten days' trial, and should the instrument not prove as represented I will take it back, paying freight charges both ways.

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The Hunter House.

I have just opened a hotel for colored people in the Brynne building near the depot, and it is my intention to furnish ample accommodations for all patrons. When you visit Columbianna come to see me, and I will give you good board at low rates. Help me to build up a good hotel, so our race can always find a first-class boarding house, where they can go and get the best of fare at cheap rates.

GEORGE HUNTER, Proprietor, Columbianna, Ala.

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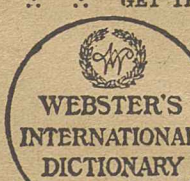
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GOV. STONE'S LETTER.

TO THE DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEEMEN.

Gov. Stone has issued a Circular Letter to the Committeemen of the State of Missouri from Which We Take the Following:

When one induces another to part with his property by means of false pretenses, he commits a crime—unless the one acting be the democratic party. When by deliberate, premeditated and systematic trick or fraud, an advantage is obtained, the guilty party is despised by all men—unless the guilty one should chance to be the democratic party.

When by a cheating device or an open theft, a trickster obtains the property of another, the trickster is regarded as a criminal and his presence is not tolerated in decent communities—unless the trickster is the democratic party.

From Main to Texas, even the democrats themselves, openly and freely admit that the declaration of their last national platform on the subject of silver was purposely so written that in New York, Massachusetts and the east, it could be thought and would be thought as declaring against free coinage, while in Minnesota, Missouri, Colorado, Texas and the south, it could be thought and would be thought as declaring in favor of free coinage.

The trick worked. The fraud succeeded. The false pretense, the deceit, the dishonest scheme, the villainy against the people, did all that its originators hoped for. The Presidency was won; the office were obtained; the salaries were secured; the gluttonous were fed to splitting—and all by deceiving the American people.

In Missouri, horse thieves when caught are summarily hung. In Missouri, when a country merchant obtains credit from St. Louis jobbers by false pretenses he is sent to the penitentiary. In St. Louis, even petty thieves, those who snatch from a counter a pair of shoes or a pocket knife, are sent to the workhouse or city jail. Such is the sentiment of the people of the state against theft, fraud and corruption.

Will the democratic party with its stolen power and its stolen income, both gained by means and methods and from motives peculiar to thieves, embezzlers, confidence men and professional criminals, be treated by the people of this state as though it were an individual, confessedly guilty of the crime the democratic party admits having committed?

We hold a crime to be a crime; a trick to be a trick; dishonesty to be dishonesty; no matter who commits it. Theft does not cease to be theft because the thief individual is a great political party. The question to be determined is one that turns, and must always turn, upon the honesty or dishonesty of things done, its manliness or its lack of manliness, not upon the identity of the doer.

If Cockrell and Carlisle stay together to maintain and preserve the democratic party, if Bland helps Cleveland, and Vest helps Voorhees maintain the power and supremacy of the democratic party a party that in power everywhere strikes down the silver of the west, the corn of the north, and the cotton of the south, reducing by legislation the prices of all products of the people, then we want to know how long the people, the plain, honest patriotic masses of the people the democratic people (the masses of all parties are honest) are going to stay in the democratic party, and by voice, vote and influence help to maintain the industrial slavery in which our people are held by the money power of England and the nine northeastern states.

Cockrell supporting Cleveland and Carlisle is no better than the men and the parties he supports. Bland, yoked up with Hill, hauling the wealth created by Missouri farmers and dug out of Missouri mines to New York and Massachusetts for the benefit of millionaires, trusts and syndicates, is as bad, as unworthy of confidence, as much to

be fought and hated as Hill himself. It is not by what they say, not by what they write, not by what they claim, not by their excuses for past acts or promises as to future ones that men and parties are to be known. "By their fruits shall ye know them."

Democratic politicians, the democratic masses are after you, they are watching you, and if you don't give them immediate and substantial help, cash help, do you hear? they will smite you, hip and thigh. Men who are forced to sell their wheat at 38 cents a bushel, as is now being done in southwest Missouri, are not in a humor to be fooled with, and are apt to act impulsively when they catch their hired hands stealing the snaps off the harness—St. Louis Monitor.

PEOPLE'S PARTY PLATFORM.

1. We are actuated by a common brotherhood, espousing a common cause, cemented by a common interest, and having in view a common result, will labor to a common end.

2. As citizens of the greatest republic that time has ever known, we feel impelled by but one impulse which is the betterment and amelioration of the condition of all men, and especially that class of our fellow citizens who, on account of poverty, brought upon them by unwise and wicked laws, are reduced to privation and want by no fault of their own. We avow our determination to stand together for the enactment of such laws as will afford the most speedy relief from the evils that are upon us.

3. With steadfast faith in the principles of the Omaha platform, we unhesitatingly renew our allegiance to the doctrines therein announced, and will exert our utmost energies in the coming elections to have them engrafted upon our statute books.

4. Our faith is unshaken in the good results to come from a purged and purified ballot box, and we are, therefore, now, as we were in 1892, for a free vote and fair count, and insist that the humblest citizen should be permitted to cast his vote without fear, constraint or other undue influence, and when cast should be honestly counted, unmolested by unscrupulous party managers or henchmen to substitute it with one of their own choosing, or outnumbered with the vote of fictitious persons who do not exist or did not vote.

5. We denounce the Sayre election law as partisan and open to the commission of frauds, for which no remedy is provided and no penalty fixed and we pledge ourselves to repeal or amend it so to secure fair and honest elections as soon as we obtain control of the state government.

6. As Thomas Jefferson was opposed to any restriction upon the suffrage of men, so are we, except it be for some grades of crime, among which we would place the purchase or sale of a vote, or other interference with the honest expression of the will of the people at the ballot box.

7. We denounce the extravagant methods of the present de facto state administration, by which taxes have been increased and large sums of money borrowed at high rates of interest to defray the expenses of the current year.

8. We would discourage the spirit of emigration among the colored people, and encourage them to be honest and industrious by dealing fairly with them and according to their rights under the law.

9. We are opposed to the repeal of the 10 per cent tax on state banks and the establishment of state banks of issue, as proposed by the democratic party, and insist that the power to create and issue money shall remain where the constitution places it with the federal government.

10. We favor a more extended school system.

It appears now that most of the trouble caused by members of the different industrial armies was by Pinkerton detectives placed there for that purpose. This plainly shows that the devil is on the side of those who oppose the movement.

A New Scheme of Currency Contraction.

From The Constitution.

The newest scheme of the financiers of the east is worth nothing, though it has not as yet been fully developed. But when the thoughtful reader of the leading eastern newspapers sees a sly hint or intimation cropping out in various shapes and in different quarters, he knows at once that he has a cue to a policy that has been gravely discussed in the back parlors of the money power.

We have lately seen such hints and intimations in some of our leading eastern exchanges, as well as in one of the publications that are devoted to the banking interests. The hint, very clearly given, is that advantage should be taken of the present movement to repeal the state bank tax to pass a law taking away from the treasury the power to issue non-interest bearing notes and place the privilege solely in the hands of the banks under the operations of a strong federal law.

In other words, there is a movement on foot to retire the treasury notes, the greenbacks, and the various forms of paper currency that the government has set its hand to and take the government out of the banking business altogether. The argument is that the volume of paper is too large for the amount of available gold in the country, and this argument is followed by the suggestion that if we continue to export our gold supply the treasury merely being the big end of a funnel that has its outlet in Europe—the government will shortly be driven to the suspension of gold payments.

The policy therefore, is to retire all the government issues of paper currency and to place in the hands of the banks the right to regulate the volume of paper so that it will be really redeemable in gold. This is the policy of contraction that the east has been successfully carrying out for years, and we have no doubt that this scheme, or something very like it, will be forced to the front in the course of the next eighteen months. Silver having been wiped out as the money of final payment, the natural—indeed, the inevitable—result will be the wiping out of the paper currency that is based on silver.

Legislation cannot stand still as the situation now is. If congress refuses to pass a free coinage bill, as commanded by the platform and demanded by the best interests of the people, it will have to accept the other alternative of completing the ruin the gold standard has already carried far by retiring the silver dollars and the silver notes. That is to say, if the gold standard is to be maintained, there must be some sort of legislation, otherwise our currency system will fall to pieces.

We think it would be far better for the people for gold to go to a premium, rather than that the gold standard should be maintained or strengthened, but we shall not discuss that branch of the subject now. We merely desire to call attention to the new scheme of currency contraction that is hatching.

The bankers, bond-holders and other usurers have so manipulated legislation as to double the burden of paying debts and taxes, yet they are the loudest in their hypocritical cry of honest payment. Extortion will yet lead to repudiation.

There is a congestion of money at the trade centers, the New York banks having a surplus of over \$75,000,000 on hand. What is needed is a currency in inflation plaster to start up the price of property and draw that money out.

The reason there is so much idle money in the banks is because its owners think that prices of property will go lower yet. Whenever prices start up it will come out and go into circulation.

One of the reasons why the plutocrats hate Coxey is, he owns a horse which he calls Greenback. The hardest hit the plutocrats ever got was with greenbacks and they haven't forgot it.

The Standard-Bearer of Organized Democracy and Plutocracy is Opposed to the Education of Farmer's and Workmen's Children in Alabama.

COL. OATES ON EDUCATION.

[From the Birmingham Evening News May 6, 1894.]

To The News:—On the 26th of February, 1887, in a speech in Congress, Colonel Oates said:

"It is not the duty, nor is it to the interest of the State, to educate its entire population beyond the primaries."

"Universal experience teaches that if a boy, without regard to his color, be educated beyond this point, he declines ever to work another day in the sun. A higher education may do for New England, whose laboring people are chiefly engaged in manufacturing, but how would it work in Alabama, where 72 per cent, of the people are engaged in agriculture?"

In a letter published in the Montgomery Advertiser May 1, defending himself against sundry charges, Colonel Oates says of this speech:

"I am not ashamed of it and stand squarely by it now. My position was that the State should not tax its people millions of dollars each year to give farmers' sons or anybody else's sons a classical education."

This is but an effort at an "artful dodge." For no one knows better than Colonel Oates that it was a Federal and not a State measure he was discussing. That there was no proposition to tax the people of the State "millions of dollars," as he would have them believe, but that the simple proposition was whether or not a small portion of the surplus, then lying idle in the Treasury, should be used for educational purposes, or squandered, as it has been, for most extravagant and often fraudulent pensions. But the serious question involved in this matter is not whether the amount proposed to be appropriated was to come out of the Federal or State Treasury. "Nor was it whether the amount was large or small, but is found in the sentiment, the principle conveyed by the words used."

By no rule of construction can those words be made to mean anything more nor less than that he (Colonel Oates) put the farmer's son and the negro exactly on the same plane. He treated them as equals in every particular, and proposed to limit and restrict both alike to a mere primary or rudimentary education. That is to say, they should be taught to read, write and cipher, and to continue to plod in their ignorance, without an aspiration above the plow handle. And it is equally as plain that if the policy of the Colonel was carried out, the sons of the workingmen, in the South, would remain mentally inferior to the sons of the workingmen at the North. The plain terse language of the Colonel, as quoted above, admits of no two constructions. It means exactly what it says, and the "wayfaring man, though a fool need not err therein." If the farmers of Alabama are willing to stamp equality on their sons and those of the negro alike, and inequality on their sons when compared with the sons of workingmen North, why then it is their privilege to do so. But have they the right to condemn their sons to ignorance though all time? Shall there never be for them a "better day coming?" For it must not be forgotten that if the rule laid down by the Colonel was correct in 1887, it will be correct though all time.

Farmers and voters can you measure a public man by a safer, or wiser rule than by the principles he avows and entertains? Can you separate a public man from his principles or can you endorse him without endorsing his principles?

Will you vote for a man who utters such words as the above? For remember it would be no defense to say they were spoken years ago. The Colonel now says in May, 1894: "I am not ashamed of it and stand squarely by it now."

In calling the state convention of the so-called organized democratic party to order, Chairman Smith made the usual speech on such occasions. Among other matters commented upon by Mr. Smith, he put particular stress and emphasis upon what he regarded as a very strong point, by saying that "The Jeffersonians pretend to want a free vote and a fair count, and are very anxious for fair elections, but they have never shown, nor will they dare to attempt to show how they would assure that result." These are not his exact words, but it is substantially what was stated by him. It cannot be conjectured whether Mr. Smith was playing the role of demagogue, was ignorant of the facts, or willfully perverted what is true. Mr. Smith ought to know that there were two or three bills offered in the house and as many in the senate, at the last session of the legislature, to provide for fair elections. He ought, also, to know that several amendments were offered in both houses to the Sayre election bill, which would have rendered it fair and would have assured fair elections. That is the record. Mr. Smith ought to be informed about what he is so glibly pretending to discuss. It is needless for him to attempt to shift the responsibility that attaches to his party. It not only refused to even report on any of these bills, but also voted down every amendment offered by a Jeffersonian or a populist to the Sayre bill. They sinned against knowledge, knowingly, deliberately and willfully, and they sinned for no other purpose except to put upon the state a law which must have been intended to license fraud and prevent its detection and punishment.—Alliance Herald.

The garbiterers are going to goad the people to desperation. They must shoulder the responsibility. They will lose what they have because they are not content without the world and a wire fence around it.

We are now offering the Atlanta Constitution and the Advocate for \$1.50.

Cloth of Gold.

Vick's Floral Guide is more resplendent if possible, this year, than ever before. Its covers have a background of rich gold against which is displayed a spray of the beautiful New White Branching Aster on one side and on the other a bunch of a new Double Anemone. Inside are gorgeously colored plates of Chrysanthemums, Poppies and Vegetables, besides engravings innumerable of both flowers and vegetable. The New Branching Aster is one of this season's novelties. It comes into flower six weeks before the chrysanthemums, but only an expert it is said, can tell the difference between the two flowers. Another novelty is a new species of Morning Glory, a rampant grower with huge leaves and immense rose-colored flowers from three to four inches across. The Guide, which James Vick's Sons of Rochester, N. Y., sent by mail for 10 cents, contains 112 pages. Aside from its pleasing pictorial features, it contains much practical information of value to amateur gardeners.—The Republican, Springfield, February 16, 1894.

TIME TABLE.

IN EFFECT

March 1st, 1894.

8 45 am	Lv Chattanooga	Ar	7 10 pm
11 35 am	Lv....Rome	Ar	4 35 pm
1 02 pm	Ar....Piedmont	Ar	3 10 pm
1 55 pm	Ar....Anniston	Ar	2 20 pm
4 39 pm	Ar....Calera	Ar	11 45 am
6 45 pm	Ar....Selma	Ar	9 30 am
6 30 am	Lv....Selma	Ar	11 00 pm
9 04 am	Ar Thomasville	Ar	8 32 pm
10 20 am	Ar....Jackson	Ar	7 10 pm
12 45 pm	Ar....Mobile	Ar	4 30 pm
6 55 pm	Lv....Selma	Ar	9 20 am
11 40 pm	Ar....Meridian	Ar	4 35 am

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Among the authors in the coming series are, Wilkie Collins, Walter Besant, Mrs. Oliphant, Mary Cecil Hay, Florence Marryat, Anthony Trollope, A. Conan Doyle, Miss Braddon, Captain Marryat, Miss Thackeray and Jules Verne. If you wish to take advantage of this unusual opportunity, send one dollar for Stafford's Magazine, one year. Your first copy of the magazine, and your first number of the fifty-two novels (one each week) which you are to receive during the year will be sent you by return mail. Remit by P. O. Order, registered letter or express. Address: STAFFORD PUBLISHING CO., Publishers of Stafford's Magazine, P. O. Box 2264, New York N. Y. Please mention this paper.

CENTRAL R. R. OF GEORGIA.

Montgomery & Eufaula Ry., and Mobile & Girard R. R.

H. M. Comer & R. S. Hayes

Receivers.

Savannah & Western R. R.

H. M. Comer & R. J. Lowry,

Receivers.

Tickets at reduced rates between local points on sale after 6:00 p.m. Saturday, good returning till Monday noon.

If you are going to New York, Boston Philadelphia or Baltimore on business or pleasure you save sleeping car fares, and the expense of meals enroute by going via Central R.R., Savannah, and thence by Steamers, and at the same time enjoy the benefits of an Ocean Voyage.

Tickets include meals and state-room.

For full information write to or call on nearest ticket agent, or to, Theo. D. Kline, Gen'l Supt., W. F. Shellman, Traffic Mgr., J. C. Haile, Gen'l Passenger Agt., Savannah, Ga.

The history of the bicycle is in all that pertains to crudeness, novelty and the subsequent rapid development of lines which were the foundation of the modern bicycle of today. Since 1816 the inventive genius of man has been at work upon the construction of cycles; but not until 1869, when the American velocipede appeared can it be said that cycle manufacturing took even the slightest form of industry. The bicycle of today is a radically different affair of that of five or six years ago. Within this period the safety bicycle has superseded the dangerous high wheel, cushion tires succeeded solid ones, and these in turn have been placed among other back numbers by the more modern pneumatic tire. The highest grade bicycles of 1893, such as the world famed Victor bicycles have probably reached the stage of development where many more improvements are improbable if not impossible. The maximum and minimum in weight have been reached and it is now assured that from 28 to 35 pounds is the proper standard, varying from the former for a racer to the latter for very rough usage and heavy riders.—Scientific American.

THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR

is the greatest Labor Organization the world has ever seen.

It is the only organization which, while striving to secure for wage-workers the best possible terms as to wages, hours and conditions, aims at reforming the causes of industrial injustice.

It secures to each trade and locality absolute control over its own trade or local affairs, yet its perfect organization enables its members to act unitedly, promptly, and, therefore, effectively when concentrated action becomes necessary to remedy injustice or to resist oppression.

It is pledged to work for the overthrow of the capitalist system of production and exchange, yet, realizing that reform can only be beneficial and permanent when they rest upon the convictions of a virtuous and educated people, it seeks to accomplish its ends only by appeal to reason and conscience—never by force.

It is a secret organization only so far as secrecy is necessary to protect its members from wrong and persecution, and can never be used to shield wrong-doing.

Its doors are open to all who labor honestly and uprightly, and full information is given on application or by circular.

For copy of Platform, sample copy of the Official, and full information, write to the National Office of the Knights of Labor, 1015 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

JOHN W. HAYES,

Lock 619 New York

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

The Advocate is authorized to announce T. A. Huston as a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Education of Shelby county, subject to the Primary on June the 23.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

The Advocate is authorized to announce G. B. Dean as a candidate for Representative in the next General Assembly, subject to the Primary on June the 23.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

The Advocate is authorized to announce D. C. Davis as a candidate for Commissioner from the fourth district, subject to the Primary on June the 23.

The Advocate is authorized to announce W. C. Powers as a candidate for Commissioner from the third district, subject to the Primary on June the 23.

STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
R. F. KOLB.
For Secretary of State,
J. C. FONVILLE, of Crenshaw.
For Auditor,
W. T. B. LYNCH, of Macon.
For Commissioner of Agriculture,
S. M. ADAMS, of Bibb.
For Treasurer,
T. K. JONES, of Tuscaloosa.
For Superintendent of Education,
J. P. OLIVER, of Tallapoosa.
For Attorney General,
WARREN S. REESE, Jr., of Montgomery.

The outlook for a grand victory for reform grows brighter every day.

George S. Huston redeemed Alabama from radical rule in 1874. Reuben F. Kolb will redeem it from the same rule in 1894. Of the 27 counties carried by Huston in 1874 Kolb carried 25 of them in 1892.

The governor, de facto, is doing everything in his power to bring on a collision between the striking miners and the militia, but, to the credit of the miners, he said, he has failed so far to bring about the collision.

Anticipating what a stampede there will be from their ranks when the corruption of the Cleveland administration is shown up by the reform speakers on the stump, the Cleveland-Oates men have adopted a revival plan to try and hold their men. They have prepared written pledges and are making a house to house canvass of the beats, getting as many men to sign them as possible. They hope by this means to hold them by the pledge and keep them from going to hear the reform speakers. No use gentlemen. The handwriting is on the wall. You may hold a few, but hundreds and thousands will leave any party that will endorse the old whiskey barrel at Washington.

It seems that the militia of the state of Alabama is now under the command and control of Mr. H. F. DeBardleben of the Tennessee Coal Iron & Railroad company. Last week a party of unemployed miners at Blue Creek returning from fishing late last Thursday evening was magnified by the timid squad on duty at the mines, into army with banners bent on the destruction of the mines. Mr. DeBardleben who was in Birmingham at the time, was immediately notified, and at his command or request as the case may be, the military forces of the state were ordered under arms, a special train chartered, and cheered by the presence of the distinguished commander in chief. The little army boldly moved out to attack the enemy. This prompt action on the part of Mr. DeBardleben aided by the commander in chief probably saved the state from a bloody war and much destruction of property. Everybody at all familiar with the history of the late war knows that the boys or young men in the confederate army were recognized as the best fighters in that army. As a rule the militia of Alabama is composed of young men—the best soldiers on earth. When it was known that the commander in chief would himself lead the charge, the enemy, if there was any, vanished, ingloriously fled or disappeared in some way, and all the army had to do was to march out to Blue Creek and then march back again.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED

By the Jeffersonian and People's Party State Executive Committee.

We, the members of the campaign and executive committees of the Jeffersonian democracy and the People's party, citizens of the state of Alabama, do publish the following facts and declaration of purpose on our part:

1. That under the operations of the Sayre election law, registrars have, in certain counties in the state of Alabama, with the knowledge and sanction of county officials, falsely entered on their registration lists the names of electors who have not, in fact, registered, such fraudulent entries having been made for the specific purpose of counting a large number of votes in favor of the ticket nominated and supported by what is known as the organized democracy.

2. That in certain counties the judge of probate has refused, upon demand, to allow the returns of registrars to be examined to the end that it may be definitely ascertained the number of voters actually registered.

3. That in certain counties in the state of Alabama registrars have fraudulently issued a large number of registration certificates in order to perpetrate frauds against the elective franchise.

4. That in certain counties application has been made and a request presented in a respectful and proper manner for the appointment of an inspector at each polling place in the county who is known to be a supporter of the Jeffersonian ticket, and such application has been declined or treated with indifference or lack of consideration.

5. That in certain counties individuals have been hired, according to their own confession, to purchase registration certificates from a certain class of voters who are willing to sell their certificates, and certain other individuals have been employed and have been engaged in making trades on registration certificates and in selling goods and merchandise for registration certificates, all in violation of law, and no effort has been made by officials looking to the arrest, conviction and punishment of such violators of law.

6. Now, in fact of the foregoing statement of facts, of which ample proof can be furnished, and recognizing the fact that our government is founded on the will of the people and realizing that the only protection for life, liberty and property and the only means by which a freeman may engage in the pursuit of happiness, with assurance that his posterity may enjoy the same rights, privileges and immunities that have been guaranteed to us under the constitution of the United States and the State of Alabama, are founded in the perpetuation of American institutions as originally established, we hereby declare that the foregoing statement of facts shows conclusively to every intelligent citizen that a government of law has been set aside by derelict officers who regard neither law nor their duties as officials, that by the exercise of arbitrary powers on the part of a privileged class that has something to gain in proportion to the public loss, life, liberty and property are endangered, and we do appeal to the liberty loving and Christian spirit of the people of Alabama to aid us in a legitimate effort, under the law, and within the proper limit of law abiding citizenship, to set aside without further delay, the arbitrary power exercised by a class that has perpetrated these frauds, outraged our laws and trampled upon our Christian civilization. We urge upon our friends, particularly those who have avowed their purpose to support our efforts in a demand for a free ballot and a fair count, at once, in their respective counties, to make a demand upon the county officials for a strict observance of the law, in giving to us inspectors and clerks at the various polling places, and to instigate investigation to the end that there may be brought to punishment any officer or citizen who has in any way violated the law, or made false returns in the matter of registration. We further urge that they make every possible effort to bring to prosecution any person who has in violation of law engaged in the purchasing or trading on registration certificates. If, upon such demand being made, those charged with the execution of the law fail

or neglect to do their duty, then immediate notice shall be given of such failure to the state central campaign committee, in the city of Birmingham, Ala., and, upon such notice being given, we and each of us do hereby solemnly pledge his sacred word of honor to co-operate in a proper manner, under the law, in aiding our fellow citizens in the legitimate effort to bring about the execution of the law to the end that American institutions may be upheld in this country, and the liberty of the people perpetuated.

An Unfortunate Difficulty.

On the 12th inst. Col. P. G. Bowman shot and instantly killed Eugene Jeffers son of Thos. Jeffers Ex-Mayor of Birmingham. As near as could be ascertained the difficulty came about as follows: About 5 o'clock in the evening Col. Bowman and the Elder Jeffers had an altercation in the Florence Hotel Bar, hot words ensued, and the lie was passed and Col. Bowman struck Mr. Jeffers twice in the face, friends interfered and they were separated; Col. Bowman remained a short while in front of the bar, and then went up stairs in the Henly Hotel, while he was up there a number of men some 15 or 20 came up the steps and asked the Proprietress for Bowman, she told them he was not there, one of them remarked with an oath "he is here and we are going to have him." She told them they could not search her house and that they must go down which they did, shortly afterward a policeman came hurriedly up the steps and told the Proprietress, if Bowman was up there not to allow him to come down as there was a crowd down stairs that would kill him, the lady and Policeman made an effort to find him but missed him and while they were looking for him on the third floor he came down unobserved, and met his brother at the foot of the stairs, who told him that a policeman was hunting for, thinking that he wanted him to make a bond for striking old man Jeffers, they went together into the Florence bar to find him, as they walked in they found the Elder Jeffers at the bar taking a drink, and immediately afterward the young Jeffers walked in, tapped Col. Bowman on the shoulder from behind and as he turned to face the party saw a pistol in the hands of the young man, before Bowman could draw his pistol the pistol in the hands of young Jeffers was presented in the act of firing, but he did not shoot at all, in less time than it takes to write these lines Bowman drew his pistol and fired, killing young Jeffers almost instantly. Why the young Jeffers did not shoot Bowman is a mystery, some think he had his finger on the guard in place of the trigger, as he had plenty of time to shoot before he was shot. Mr. Bowman's brother rushed at young Jeffers when he saw him with the pistol, but did not get hold of him until the shot was fired and when he was falling. The killing is very unfortunate indeed, the trouble between Thos. Jeffers and Col. Bowman would have been settled in a few minutes, had not the young man acted on the advice of parties who made him believe that he ought to shoot Bowman to evenge the striking of his father.

Four Mile Breeze.

Health good with a few exceptions.

A good rain would be very acceptable in these parts.

Corn looks very promising, cotton has at last taken a start to grow.

W. A. Stone is still offering bargains to horse traders.

We regret to state that Mrs. Caroline Armstrong is lying very low. The singing at Four Mile, last Sunday was a success, every body seemed to enjoy it.

Where O where is the farmers girl, Rex is very much puzzled to know what has become of her.

We are just a little bothered about Zebra, as we have not heard from him in some time we are afraid he was pulled into the primary after Capt. Johnston, and is now too sick to write.

Over production has been the cry from the way our people registered in beat 9, they intend to give them an over production of registration certificates in August, beat 9 registered 363 and 59 participated in the true blue primary thus leaving 304 majority for the people's party.

Success to the Advocate and its cause.

REX.

Wilsonville Snaps.

Health not very good.

Mrs. Henry Weidon, is on the sick list this week.

J. W. Bowlin, went to Atlanta, this week on some special business.

The E. T. V. & G. rail road co. are making some improvement on the depot at this place.

Beat 9 registered 360, of which we are confident 250, will go for Kolb.

J. F. Pope the leading democrat of this place sent out his buggy and horse to bring in some of his subjects to register them, we wonder if he will put him self to that much trouble after the august election, he will feed you on soft corn now but after August he will choke you to death on the cob.

There was one democrat in beat 9 that was elected as a delegate to the county convention and after he found that Oats was nominated he told his party he could not and would not serve them any longer. Hurray! you J. M.

The democrats say they are gaining ground, but for our lives we can't see how they can say so while in 1892 they polled 90 in the primary and in 1894 they only polled 59, and that is the way they are gaining all over this grand state. Beat 9 says she is going to vote right and she is going to have them counted right and we hope and trust that every beat in the county in the state and every state in the union will come to this conclusion.

We notice some of our local writers are wasting their time cutting at each other, wake up for this is a time of need and let us know how things are going, our government has never been in such a condition since the revolution, we are for a reform government and we are ready to stike up to it sink or swim live or die survive or perish, this is our living sentiments and by the blessings of God it shall be our dying sentiments, a reform government now and a reform government for ever.

Success to the Advocate Frank and the Angel.

SAGER.

Vincent Headings.

Dry weather still prevails, though there is some appearance of rain this a. m.

We had preaching yesterday at Spring Creek by the pastor, our much beloved fellow citizen Rev. R. A. Kidd, also preaching in the afternoon by Rev. Jno. Sletcey.

Mr. John McDonald, and Miss Mollie Oden, of Laniers were over yesterday.

The closing exercises of Miss Odens school at Laniers will take place Thursday and Friday, concert Friday night, Vincent will be well represented, as Miss Oden has many friends in and around Vincent.

We noticed Mr. J. S. Leeper and N. A. Graham on our streets Saturday evening "whats up" was a by word among the boys, however we learned later from Mr. Eugene Williams that Mr. Leeper came up to buy some tomb stones, and we wonder if he didn't try to buy the agent also, "hey."

We heard a darkey talking of how Mr. Leeper was walking along by the side of Eugene, who lives in beat 16.

The organized have set the trigger in order to capture the "nigger."

The plan they think won't win. They all say it its too thin.

They realize they have been sold Time and again of old.

There is some excitement over mad dogs, a little black "foust" entered the residence of Mr. O. M. Harris, one day last week and did fearfully and maliciously pounce upon the old house cat tearing her to pieces, then bit Getters bird dog and made its escape.

JEFFERSONIAN.

To the Montgomery Advertiser.

Why is it that the Judge of Probate of Montgomery county refuses to allow the registration, lists from the various beats in said county, examined? Is it not a fact that they have been falsified? You have stated the number registered in the city beats, why not state the number in the county beats?

Wall street don't care which of the two old parties you vote for, but it gives them the cold shivers to see you vote the Populist ticket. That is one of the best reasons you should vote the Populist ticket.

Before buying your new bicycle look the field over carefully. The superiority of Victor Bicycles was never so fully demonstrated as at present. Our '94 line will bear the most rigid scrutiny, and we challenge comparison.

There's but one best---Victor.

OVERMAN WHEEL CO.

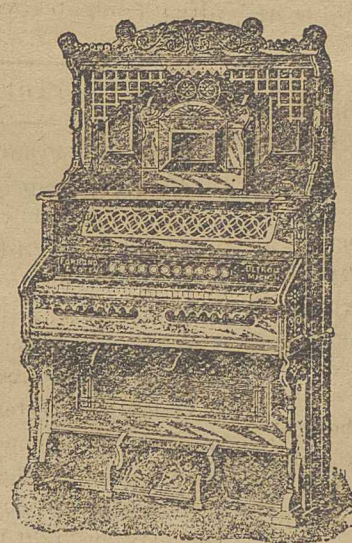
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Pianos and
Organs
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I Can
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IF SO WRITE FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICES.

E. E. FORBES,
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LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE BUGGY FACTORY ON EARTH. WRITE FOR PRICES AND CATALOGUE.

OUR GOODS ARE THE BEST
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Surrunville Indianapolis, Ind.

King of all Bicycles. The Monarch Absolutely the Best.

Light Weight and Rigidity. Every Machine fully warranted.

Superior Material and Scientific Workmanship.

5 Styles

Highest Honors at the World's Columbian Exposition.

Send two-cent stamp for our 24-page Catalogue--A work of Art.

Monarch Cycle Company,
Retail Salesroom, 280 Wabash Ave. Lake and Halsted Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE, PUBLISHED BY The Advocate Publishing Co., COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA

A. P. LONGSHORE, - - General Manager

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Dollar a Year. Six Months, 50c. Three Months, 25c.

The publishers of the Advocate have made arrangements by

which they can furnish

The People's Advocate and Constitution, both for \$1.50.

BICYCLES



ACME ROADSTER \$55

Guaranteed same as agents sell for \$75 to \$100.

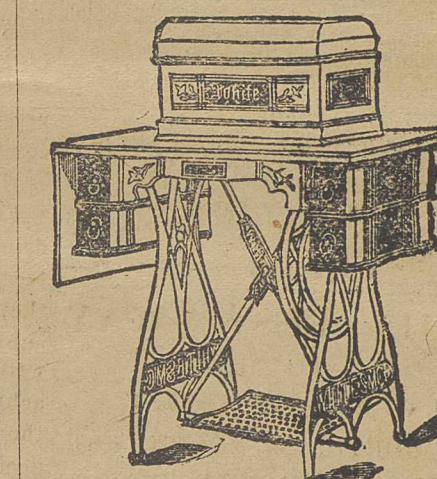
ACME ROAD RACER, 25 lbs. \$80. WOOD-RIMS.

Perfect lines, perfect steering, perfect adjustment. Guaranteed same as agents sell for \$75 and \$100. Written warranty with every machine. Every time you buy a bicycle through our agency you pay \$20 to \$30 more than over elsewhere for the same quality. It costs about as much to sell bicycles through agents and dealers as it does to buy them. Let prudence and economy suggest the better way and buy from us direct at wholesale prices. Illustrated Catalogue free.

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The White is King.

1,000,000 NOW IN USE.



The Lightest Running,
The Easiest Sewing,
The Handsomest and
The Most Durable
SEWING MACHINE

IN THE WORLD.

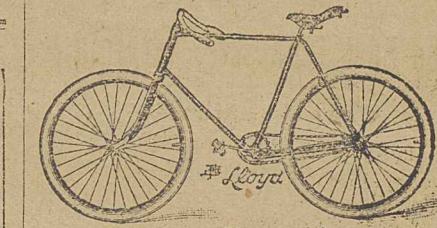
IT HAS A RANGE OF WORK THAT MEETS ALL REQUIREMENTS, AND THEREFORE

SATISFIES EVERYBODY.

Live, Energetic Dealers Wanted, to whom we are prepared to offer satisfactory prices and terms.

Address,

White Sewing Machine Co., CLEVELAND



(From a Photograph.)

"PUT MONEY IN THY PURSE."

Take the agency for our high grade Safety Bicycles. Our agents are all making money; why can't you? Write to us at once for catalogue, prices and territory desired. It will pay you.

MEN'S, LADIES', GIRLS' and BOYS' PNEUMATIC SAFETIES.

Sample to Agents, \$27.50 and up.

ROOTS & COMPANY, (INCORPORATED), INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

LONGSHORE & BEAVERS, Attorney's And Counselor's At Law,

Columbiana, Ala.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE courts of the district and in the Federal Courts and the Supreme Court of Alabama.

Notice No. 14,902.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE at Montgomery, Ala. March 23, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on May 3rd, 1894, viz: William M. Allen, Homestead entry, No. 18913, for the SE 1/4 of Sec. 24, Tp. 19 south of Range 3 west.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: James E. Brasher, Fred Lee, W. C. Brasher, all of Highland, John C. Allen, of Quito, Ala. J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

FAIR NOTICE.

I have now finished my two regular rounds for assessing the taxes of this county for the year 1894. Those who have not assessed will please give in their assessments to the Deputy Assessor of their respective beats.

After the 1st day of May I shall strictly enforce section 26, pages 41 and 42 of the Revenue Code of Alabama, for 1894.

J. H. HAMMOND,

Tax Assessor of Shelby County, March 26 1894.

THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE

DON'T EDUCATE THE YOUTH

Whether White or Black, Oates Says it Unfits Him for Manual Labor.

Let the Records continue to speak, and let the people know the facts and render the verdict, and when they have done this no honorable man can have aught of malice.

During the 49th congress, February 26th, 1887, in a speech on the Agricultural Experiment Stations, Col. Oates used the following language:

"It is not the duty, nor is it to the interest of the state to educate its entire population beyond the primaries. Universal experience teaches that if a boy, without regard to his color, be educated beyond this point, he declines every day to work another day in the sun. A higher education may do for New England, whose laboring people are chiefly engaged in manufacturing, but how would it work in Alabama where 75 percent of the people are engaged in agriculture."

Farmers of Alabama, Col. Oates says it is not to the interest of the state to educate your sons beyond a mere primary education. You must be taxed to provide a university for the rich, but your sons must be kept on the plain of negro education; they must be ignorant, or might quit the field and get in the shade where Col. Oates has been for fourteen years living on your taxes. This would be too good and too easy for them, they must be bound down as "hewers of wood and drawers of water" and be made the slaves to the rich, the gold-bugs and the money power; if educated they might learn something of the modes of the gold crowd and money gang by which thousands of additional people of the Sherman law, for which Col. Oates voted, and other kindred legislation, and they might check these pirates in their plunder of the people, and destruction of free institutions that the money and privilege classes may subjugate the masses and rule and administer this country in their own selfish interest.

NOT AS GOOD AS NEW ENGLAND'S SONS. Higher education may do for New England's sons, where the gold power and protective system rule, but an Alabama farmer's son, must not have it, it will take him out of the sun. Oates, and let those after the Oates stripe hold the offices and govern the people.

Young men of Alabama, who are farmers, and will for the future have to earn your living at the plough handles, will you advocate the cause of a man, who utters and believes such sentiments as Col. Oates has expressed on the floor of the American House of Representatives, and aid in making him Governor of Alabama? Such sentences are published to the world by Col. Oates, that it will not do to trust a farmer boy with education. Such is a reflection upon the patriotism, the virtue, the manhood, and every inspiration of honor, of the farmers and their children.

Democrats of Alabama read and ponder before you give your aid to elect a man who entertains such sentiments. Not only does he ask you to make him governor, but he asks you to give him this exalted office, to enable him to step into the United States Senate, and there further humiliate you and cast reflections upon you, that it is not to the interest of the state to educate your sons beyond a primary education.

How Petitions are Treated.

Petitioning to Congress is about as senseless as baying at the moon and if those who send them should witness the treatment they receive this kind of folly would cease. After much trouble, labor, and many times considerable expense, a petition upon some subject, either local or general, will be circulated, signed by more or less and sent to a congressman or Senator for presentation. Those who have signed it as well as those who have given it the trouble to circulate it, expect it will be read in Congress, sent to a proper committee and carefully considered. This however, is not the case. If the Congressman or Senator sees fit to present it at all, he will rise in his seat during the hurry of the morning hour and say he has a petition from John Jones and others for certain objects, and almost before the words are spoken the speaker or Vice-President has referred it to a committee and the petition is never heard of again except in rare instances. They are usually sent to the committee rooms and from there to the furnace in a short time or to some dark room in the basement of the Capitol to be destroyed later on. This is the fate of petitions to Congress. They do no good and as a rule are treated with contempt. They are never read, neither are they opened and the signatures examined in one case out of a thousand. Moral: Don't send paper petitions, send live ones instead.—Tribune, Tex.

We hope every one who owns a horse will read the advertisement of the Elkhart Carriage and Harness Manufacturing Company, of Elkhart, Indiana, appearing in this paper.

B. L. MOORE
Justice of the Peace,
COLUMBIANA, ALA.
Collection of Claims a Specialty.

THREE HOURS EARLIER.

Save Time and Travel by the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railway.

If you are going to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, or any other Eastern city, be sure you travel by the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia railway.

It takes you through the beautiful mountains of East Tennessee and Virginia; through the famous Shenandoah Valley via Knoxville and Roanoke, and over the Royal Blue Line from Washington.

This route is free from dust and smoke, has steel rails, stone ballast and iron bridges; in fact it is conceded by the traveling public to be the most comfortable and picturesque line leading to all Eastern cities.

Through Pullman Sleepers from Mobile to Cleveland; solid vestibule train from Chattanooga to Washington carrying dining car and vestibule sleepers to Washington and New York, thereby making the missing of connections an impossibility.

Passengers leaving Selma at 10 p. m., arrive at Washington at 4:45 a. m., and New York at 10:55 a. m.

Sleeping car berths reserved in advance on application to any agent of the company, or to

B. W. WRENN, G. P. & T. A.,
Knoxville, Tenn.
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BOOK-KEEPING, SHORTHAND AND PENMANSHIP.

We have recently prepared Books on the above, especially adapted to "Home Study." Sent on 60 days trial. Hundreds have been benefited hundreds of dollars by ordering our publications. Why not you? Should you later decide to enter our College, you would receive credit for the amount paid. Four weeks by our method of teaching book-keeping is equal to 12 weeks by the old plan. Positions guaranteed under certain conditions. Send for our free illustrated 96 page catalogue and "state your wants." Address J. F. Draughon, President—Draughon's Practical Business College and School of Shorthand and Telegraphy—Nashville, Tenn., 11 Teachers, 60 Students the past year. No vacation. Enter any time. Cheap Board, \$10. We pay \$5.00 cash for all vacancies as book-keepers, stenographers, teachers, clerks, etc., reported to us, provided we fill same.

Burland's Old Dominion Crescent Cinnamon Pills,

The Only Genuine RELIEF FOR LADIES. Ask your Druggist for Burland's Old Dominion Crescent Brand Cinnamon Pills. Shallow rectangular metallic boxes sealed with crescent. Absolutely safe and reliable. Refuse all spurious and harmful imitations. Upon receipt of Six cents in stamps we will reply by plain envelope. Address: BURLAND CHEMICAL CO., Morse Bldg., N. Y. City.

Please Mention this Paper.

Are You a Woman

Who has not seen a copy of Arthur's New Home Magazine of Philadelphia? "The best and cheapest illustrated monthly ever published in the English language." 1,500 pages for \$1.50.

Six Short Stories

and splendid articles by best writers on all subjects of interest to women. Three months free if you take it now. Sample copy 10 cents.

Notice.

All parties indebted to D. W. Evans are hereby notified that we have instruction to sue on all notes and accounts that are not settled by the 1st of February.

Longshore & Beavers.

Notice No. 14,940.

Notice for Publication. Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., April 18, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on May 31st, 1894, viz: Constantine C. O'Barr, Homestead entry, No. 19,320, for the E 1-2 of NE 1-4, SW 1-4 of NE 1-4 of Section 24, Tp. 19 South Range 2 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Allen, James Brasher, Bill Brasher and Fiedle Lee, all of Highland, Ala. 4-18-94. H. PURCELL, Register.

Indian Wars.

Congress has passed an act granting pensions to soldiers who served in the various Indian wars. For information address,

LONGSHORE & BEAVERS,
Columbiana, Ala.

Missing Word Contest.

The Sentence for June. "Patiently, with the dark lantern closed and hid under his arm, he waited behind a ragged rock in the crevice next to the clothes for the to return."

One-fourth of the net subscription receipts of those entering this contest will be divided among those who supply the correct word in the blank in the above sentence. Thus, if there are \$5,000, one-fourth would be \$1,250. If ten supply the correct word each would receive \$125, if 100, each \$125, &c.

The Weekly Constitution has a circulation of 150,000, and is The People's Paper. It favors Tariff Reform, an Individual Income Tax, and the Expansion of the Currency to a degree sufficient to meet the legitimate business demands of the country.

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Of the many Populist exchanges coming to our office, none spends so much money to get the suppressed Washington news before its readers as the Nonconformist. Yes, suppressed news. What the plutocratic papers have been careful to keep their readers from finding out, the two tireless correspondents of the Nonconformist have dug up and sent to the paper for the benefit of its thousands of readers. Many a secret has thus leaked out that the plutocracy never meant the common workaday people should know.

We have made special arrangements whereby we can send the Nonconformist and the Advocate from now until January the 1st, for \$1.00.

New Boston, Tex., Dec. 5, 1893. RICHMOND SEED CO., Richmond, Va.:

This is to certify that I had "Inland Sea Island" cotton planted in alternate plots with Sea Island, Allison's Silk, Allen's latest improved long staple, Ozier Silk, Southern Hope and some other varieties of long lint. The Inland Sea Island was a great deal earlier than any of them and made one-third more lint per plot (of same size) than any, and double as much as any save one variety (Ozier Silk). While the lint was no longer than the Allen's, it was much finer, softer, and richer-colored than it or any except Sea Island and Allison's Silk, but it made four times as much per plot as either of these two. I think your Inland Sea Island a big jump forward in the long lint business, because of its Earliness and Prolificness. Sincerely, Very truly, JEFF WELBORN.

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After he has provided himself with his home paper, the next consideration of those who are not within easy reach of a first-class daily newspaper should be to select a first-class weekly newspaper supplying all of the general news of the world, and paying special attention to features which are of particular interest to the household and the farm.

Just such a paper is The Weekly Constitution, published at Atlanta, Ga., and having a circulation of 150,000

copies a week, the largest of any weekly newspaper published in America. It is essentially a farmer's paper and stands at the head of the weekly press of this country. Its agricultural department alone is worth the subscription price of the paper, while its numbers among its contributors such well known names as Bret Harte, Mark Twain, Joel Chandler Harris, Sarge Plunkett, Bill Arp, and hosts of others whose reputations are world wide. Its women and children's departments are prepared with a special view to please the little folks and the women and its news columns literally cover the face of the earth.

Then a strictly agricultural and stock paper comes next, and the paper everybody wants is The American Farmer and Farm News. This valuable journal is a recent union of four of the oldest standard agricultural papers in America. Its columns contain only the very best original matter, especially written, by the most noted agricultural writers, such as Dr. Galen Wilson, T. Greiner, Dr. Hoskins, Henry Talcott, Fanny Field, Miller Purvis, J. M. Rice, J. E. Read, N. J. Shepherd and other experts in practical farming. Its articles are invariably terse, simple and reliable, and it is more widely quoted than almost any other farm journal.

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VOLUME 3,

COLUMBIANA, ALA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 27, 1894.

NUMBER 4.

To the Farmers.
I will sell you a Piano, Organ or Sewing Machine, and let you pay 1/2 this fall, 1/2 the fall of '94, and the balance fall of '95. I will ship them to you on ten days' trial, and should the instrument not prove as represented I will take it back, paying freight charges both ways.
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E. B. FORD, General Agent, Ala.

The Hunter House.
I have just opened a hotel for colored people in the Browne building, near the depot, and it is my intention to furnish ample accommodations for all patrons. When you visit Columbianna come to see me and I will give you good board at low rates. Help me to build up a good hotel, so our race can always find a first-class boarding house, where they can go and get the best of fare at cheap rates.
GEORGE HUNTER, Proprietor, Columbianna, Ala.

Notice.
All parties indebted to the late firm of Mitchell & Finley are hereby notified, that suit will be brought first January 1895, unless the parties pay the amounts due or make satisfactory arrangements.
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Pugh to Alabama Democrats.

Washington, D. C., June 5, 1894.
To the Democratic voters of Alabama.

I learn through the press of Alabama and other sources, that there is considerable apprehension of apathy, indifference and opposition among Democrats that will endanger the election of the nominees of the Democratic party. That there should be any danger of turning the Democratic party out of power in Alabama is greatly to be regretted, and I cannot share in such apprehension. The matter of immediate and paramount importance with all of us should be the election of the nominees of the Democratic convention. Success can only be assured by cultivating among ourselves a spirit of compromise and concession and determination to succeed. All irritation and antagonism growing out of dissatisfaction and disappointment about comparatively immaterial matters connected with the late canvass for the nomination should not be allowed to interfere with our fidelity to our State and the Democratic party. Disappointment in the choice of candidates, for defeat of the Democratic party in August will be attended by consequences so far-reaching and disastrous as to require many years to recover the losses and repair the damages. I will not deny that you have valid reasons for dissatisfaction in respect to matters of great political importance.

I have kept myself informed of the political conditions in Alabama and throughout the United States. I do not pretend to be infallible in my judgment and conclusions, but when I bring to your attention some undeniable facts in our history you will draw your own conclusion as to causes of division and discontent among Democrats, but I think you will fail to discover in them any sufficient reason for withdrawing your support from the Democratic nominees in the next State election. The matters to which I call your attention, relates to questions purely national in their character, which are not of vital importance in a State election.

We all rejoiced when the Democratic party obtained possession of every branch of the federal government; we are gratified when Republicans are removed from office, and Democrats are appointed to take their places. We felt relieved when the federal election law was repealed and States restored to the exclusive power of managing all elections. We are hopeful of the beneficial results to be secured by Democratic administration in all the departments of the federal government. We were promised relief from the burdens and iniquities of the McKinley tariff law. We were promised such a reform in our currency laws as would insure the use of both gold and silver as standard money, and that every dollar, whether of paper or coins should have equal purchasing and debt-paying power, and that the people should be supplied by the government with abundant sound currency to meet all their legitimate demands. We were also promised that the 10 per cent. tax on State banks circulation should be repealed congress is now engaged in the difficult work of revising and reforming the McKinley tariff laws. No party over had such a difficult task as is imposed upon the Democratic party, of revising and reforming a system of protection that the Republican party had employed all its ability and ingenuity in crystallizing. It is the first time since 1849 that any system of tariff laws has been revised with a view of a general reduction of duties levied to enrich a few people, and to invite the investment of capital in manufacturing industries.

The McKinley system was the result of twenty-five years of work of the most powerful agencies and influences in the Republican party. The reconstruction and reformation of this tremendous system requires much patience, care and consideration. It necessarily consumes time to make changes so that they shall not be destructive

of manufacturing industries and derange business interests.

I think that I can safely promise you that the pledge of the Democratic party to reform the tariff will be redeemed and substantial compliance with its platform. The question that has always divided the Democratic Party and caused it more trouble in every election and in every attempt to legislate, is the money question. No subject requiring Congressional legislation involves more intricacies and perplexing elements than the subject of finance, it has baffled the ability learning and statesmanship of every country in the world, and this fact should cause us not to be too exacting in securing all we desire or that we have a right to demand of our party. Secretaries Carlisle, in his last report, states that we have nine different kinds of currency, each of which is founded on the credit of the Government, except two. We have seven different kinds of paper currency that is issued and circulated on the faith and credit of the Government, and gold and silver are only real money that is not founded on the credit of the Government and is not required to be redeemed in any other money, being the redemption basis of all other currency.

It is manifest that such a system of finance should not be permitted to stand any longer than Congress can discharge the difficult task of reconstructing it, and formulating a wise and stable system. Everybody asks, "how shall Congress legislate on the currency?" There are two considerations of paramount importance in framing a system of finance: First—a sufficient quantity of sound currency to supply the legitimate wants of the people, and, second, an equal distribution of it among the people of the different sections of the country. These are the two demands of the people, and are made the ground of complaint against Congress. There is not an adequate supply of currency, and what we have is not equally distributed.

It is hoarded and seems to find no safe and profitable investment in industries that are paralyzed by gold contraction. The classes that are the greatest sufferers on account of insufficient supply and unequal distribution of currency are the farmers and laboring people. All the currency in existence is national, being the creature of Congress. The one objection to making and keeping our currency all national is the certainty of its being absorbed in money centers and the difficulty of getting it into general circulation. The difficulty of keeping or securing an equal distribution of the currency when all of it is national, was sought to be remedied in the Democratic platform, by pledging the party to a repeal of the 10 per cent. tax on State bank circulation. If the States were restored to their rights of creating banks of issue, the wants of the people of every State for an adequate supply of the currency would be supplied in the local circulation of their own banks. This pledge has been forfeited by another combination of Democrats and Republicans in the House of Representatives. Another demand of at least three-fourths of the Democratic Party, is that silver shall have free and equal coinage with gold, and kept in use by the Government and people as standard money. This has always been and is now the position of the great body of the Democratic Party, but our hopes for immediate legislation have been disappointed and are in a condition of suspension until 1896. In 1873 silver was dropped from our coinage laws and the United States was placed on the gold basis. The Democracy of the South and West, without any division in the South after the party recovered possession of the State Governments, declared for the restoration of silver to free coinage at the old ratio. This demand has been and is yet uniformly opposed by the Democracy of the Eastern States. The Democracy of the East opposed the Bland-Allison law; they fought against every bill introduced in either house of Con-

gress for the free coinage of silver. They fought against the law making United States bonds payable in gold or silver. They have insisted that every Federal obligation should be discharged in gold. They joined President Cleveland and Secretary Manning in 1885 in demanding the suspension of silver coinage under the Bland-Allison law; to a man they united with President Cleveland in 1893 in the combination with Republicans to force the unconditional repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman law, for the sole purpose of putting a stop to the coinage of silver and leaving it in the condition it was left in 1873. There never has been any difference between the Democracy of Eastern States and the Republican party in their opposition to silver coinage. Every vote given by Democrats against the unconditional repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman law, except one from Pennsylvania, was given by Southern and Western Democrats. The unconditional repeal of the Sherman law dropped silver out of coinage and makes it impossible to add another silver dollar to our currency while Mr. Cleveland is President; so that we are brought down in plain view of the demonetized condition of silver that is unalterable during the presidency of Mr. Cleveland. The veto of the Seigniorage bill was a test of the possibility of passing the silver law with Mr. Cleveland's approval. This demonetized condition of silver was accomplished by the joint votes of Republicans and Democrats and against the earnest wish and effort of a large majority of Democrats in both houses of Congress, that silver as money, should not be placed in the position it is in today by the unconditional repeal of the silver purchasing clause of the Sherman law. A large majority of the Democrats in the Senate and House made an earnest effort, pending the unconditional repeal bill to adopt amendments that would have continued silver coinage and add to our present supply of silver money, but they were overcome and defeated in every effort by the votes of the Republicans. The Bland-Allison law would have been revived in the Senate by an amendment to the unconditional repeal bill by a change of the votes of three Senators. But the Democratic Senators were unable to overcome the coalition with the Republicans to destroy silver coinage. I state it as an undeniable fact on personal knowledge that thirty-seven Democratic Senators signed, and three more were ready to sign, an amendment to the unconditional repeal bill by which the coinage of silver would have been continued at the rate of two million dollars per month, thereby consuming all the seigniorage in the treasury. And since the repeal of the Sherman law seven-eighths of the Democrats in the two houses passed the Seigniorage bill, which was vetoed, and the vote sustained by Republican votes. All that is left to the friends of free silver coinage is to look and trust to the future. Let the enemies of free coinage who claim to be Democrats, hold fast to their opinions and convictions, if they will continue to do so, and exercise their right as they have done heretofore of enforcing their convictions and opinions, and exercise their rights as they have done heretofore, and enforce them if they can. A correct understanding of the relative position of the Democrats of the East and the Democrats of the South and West on the silver question, and their construction of the silver plank in the Democratic platform of 1892, can be found in the remarks of Senator Grey and myself in the Congressional Record, 53rd Congress, 1st Session, page 1698, as follows:

Mr. Grey.—Now, they say there is another part of the same platform from which pledges the Democratic party to contend for bi-metallic coinage to the equal use and mintage of both metals in such fashion that they shall be of equal and intrinsic and exchangeable value, either by international convention, or by some legislative provision.

That opens up confessedly a domain of argument and of opinion which must necessarily be variant. It was intended by that language in the Democratic platform, if we argue intention at all from language, that it should be broad enough to hold every Democrat who believed in bi-metalism, whether by international agreement or by legislative enactment. It did not intend to read out of the party because I honestly believe that the bi-metalism aimed at in that platform can only be obtained, efficiently obtained, usefully obtained for the benefit of the great masses of the people of this country, by an international agreement. It did not intend to read out of the party my friend from Mississippi who believes differently and believes that an efficient and useful bi-metalism can be obtained by legislation in favor of free coinage by this country alone. It intends to embrace us both and we both stand as we stood in that campaign. It is not in my mouth nor in my mouth to charge him or me with inconsistency or from falling away from the demands of that platform because we still hold to the opinion we held then. Mr. President, I am performing my duty as the President is performing his, loyally on the platform on which he was elected when he recommended the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman law, and stopped there, leaving it to every Democrat's conscience as to what he considered to be a compliance with the behests of that platform in regard to the attainment of bi-metalism. We belong to no narrow creed. The Democratic church is the broad church a liberal church, and its creed accommodates my friend from Mississippi, who believes in free coinage and it accommodates me who believes that free coinage is not practicable in this country without the co-operation of other countries of the world to attain to real bi-metalism. We are not called upon to walk up and pronounce the shibboleth of free coinage or anti-free coinage in order to be in full communion with that great church of which I have been a humble member during all my manhood. Nobody has compromised his beliefs by advocating this repeal. The Senate from Indiana (Mr. Voorhees) and myself differ as widely now as we have differed in the past I take it upon this free coinage question. We have neither of us compromised the opinions of a lifetime in this regard by uniting in the advocacy of this measure, as I understand."

[Continued on page second.]

Cloth of Gold.

Vick's Floral Guide is more resplendent if possible, this year, than ever before. Its covers have a background of rich gold against which is displayed a spray of the beautiful New White Branching Aster on one side and on the other a bunch of a new Double Anemone Inside are gorgeously colored plates of Chrysanthemums, Poppies and Vegetables, besides engravings innumerable of both flowers and vegetable. The New Branching Aster is one of this season's novelties. It comes into flower six weeks before the chrysanthemums, but only an expert it is said, can tell the difference between the two flowers. Another novelty is a new species of Morning Glory, a rampant grower with huge leaves and immense rose-colored flowers from three to four inches across. The Guide, which James Vick's Sons of Rochester, N. Y., sent by mail for 10 cents, contains 112 pages. Aside from its pleasing pictorial features, it contains much practical information of value to amateur gardeners.—The Republican, Springfield, February 16, 1894.

The millionaires don't want the income tax. Of course they don't! It will make them lie and swear to it, or help to bear the burdens of government. Poor millionaires! They are to be pitted.

Eight million dollars a year paid by the people to run the government of the District of Columbia, and Brown and Coxey arrested for walking on the grass.

The Standard-Bearer of Organized Democracy and Intocracy is Opposed to the Education of Farmer's and Workingmen's Children in Alabama!

COL. OATES ON EDUCATION.

[From the Birmingham Evening News May 6, 1894.]

To The News:—On the 26th of February, 1887, in a speech in Congress, Colonel Oates said:

"It is not the duty, nor is it to the interest of the State, to educate its entire population beyond the primaries.

"Universal experience teaches that if a boy, without regard to his color, be educated beyond this point, he declines ever to work another day in the sun. A higher education may do for New England, whose laboring people are chiefly engaged in manufacturing, but how would it work in Alabama, where 72 per cent. of the people are engaged in agriculture?"

In a letter published in the Montgomery Advertiser May 1, defending himself against sundry charges, Colonel Oates says of this speech:

"I am not ashamed of it and stand squarely by it now. My position was that the State should not tax its people millions of dollars each year to give farmers' sons or anybody else's sons a classical education."

This is but an effort at an "artful dodge." For no one knows better than Colonel Oates that it was a Federal and not a State measure he was discussing. That there was no proposition to tax the people of the State "millions of dollars," as he would have them believe, but that the simple proposition was whether or not a small portion of the surplus, then lying idle in the Treasury, should be used for educational purposes, or squandered, as it has been, for most extravagant and often fraudulent pensions. But the serious question involved in this matter is not whether the amount proposed to be appropriated was to come out of the Federal or State Treasury. "Nor was it whether the amount was large or small, but is found in the sentiment, the principle conveyed by the words used.

By no rule of construction can those words be made to mean anything more nor less than that he (Colonel Oates) put the farmer's son and the negro exactly on the same plane. He treated them as equals in every particular, and proposed to limit and restrict both alike to a mere primary or rudimentary education. That is to say, they should be taught to read, write and cipher, and to continue to plod in their ignorance, without an aspiration above the plow handle. And it is equally as plain that if the policy of the Colonel was carried out, the sons of the workingmen, in the South, would remain mentally inferior to the sons of the workingmen at the North. The plain terse language of the Colonel, as quoted above, admits of no two constructions. It means exactly what it says and the "the wayfarer man, though a fool need not err therein." If the farmers of Alabama are willing to stamp equality on their sons and those of the negro alike, and inequality on their sons when compared with the sons of workingmen North, why then it is their privilege to do so. But have they the right to condemn their sons to ignorance though all time? Shall there never be for them a "better day coming?" For it must not be forgotten that if the rule laid down by the Colonel was correct in 1887, it will be correct though all time.

Farmers and voters can you measure a public man by a safer, or wiser rule than by the principles he avows and entertains? Can you separate a public man from his principles or can you endorse him without endorsing his principles? Will you vote for a man who utters such words as the above? For remember it would be no defense to say they were spoken years ago. The Colonel now says in May, 1894: "I am not ashamed of it and stand squarely by it now."

HOW IS THIS?

Something unique even in these days of mammoth premium offers, is the latest effort of Stafford's Magazine, a New York monthly of home and general reading.

The proposition is to send the Magazine one year for one dollar; the regular subscription price, and in addition to send each subscriber fifty-two complete novels during the twelve months; one each week.

Think of it. You receive a new and complete novel, by mail, post paid, every week for fifty-two weeks, and in addition you get the magazine once a month for twelve months, all for one dollar. It is an offer which the publishers can only afford to make in the confident expectation of getting a hundred thousand new subscribers.

Among the authors in the coming series are, Wilkie Collins, Walter Besant, Mrs. Oliphant, Mary Cecil Hay, Florence Marryat, Anthony Trollope, A. Conan Doyle, Miss Braddon, Captain Marryat, Miss Thackeray and Jules Verne. If you wish to take advantage of this unusual opportunity, send one dollar for "Stafford's Magazine," one year. Your first copy of the magazine, and your first number of the fifty-two novels (one each week), which you are to receive during the year will be sent you by return mail. Remit by P. O. Order, registered letter or express. Address: STAFFORD PUBLISHING CO., Publishers of Stafford's Magazine, P. O. Box 2264, New York N. Y. Please mention this paper.

CENTRAL R. R. OF GEORGIA.

Montgomery & Eufaula Ry., and Mobile & Girard R. R.
H. M. Comer & R. S. Hayes, Receivers.
Savannah & Western R. R.
H. M. Comer & R. J. Lowry, Receivers.

Tickets at reduced rates between local points on sale after 6:00 p.m., Saturday, good returning till Monday noon.
If you are going to New York, Boston, Philadelphia or Baltimore on business or pleasure you save sleeping car fares, and the expense of meals enroute by going via Central R.R., Savannah, and thence by Steamers, and at the same time enjoy the benefits of an Ocean Voyage.
Tickets include meals and state-room.

For full information write to or call on nearest ticket agent, or to, Theo. D. Kline, Gen'l Supt. W. F. Shellman, Traffic Mgr., J. C. Haile, Gen'l Passenger Agt. Savannah, Ga.

The history of the bicycle is in all that pertains to crudeness, novelty and the subsequent rapid development of lines which were the foundation of the modern bicycle of today. Since 1816 the inventive genius of man has been at work upon the construction of cycles; but not until 1869, when the American velocipede appeared can it be said that cycle manufacturing took even the slightest form of industry. The bicycle of today is a radically different affair of that of five or six years ago. Within this period the safety bicycle has superseded the dangerous high wheel, cushion tires succeeded solid ones, and these in turn have been placed among other back numbers by the more modern pneumatic tire. The highest grade bicycles of 1893, such as the world famed Victor bicycles have probably reached the stage of development where many more improvements are improbable if not impossible. The maximum and minimum in weight have been reached and it is now assured that from 28 to 35 pounds is the proper standard, varying from the former for a racer to the latter for very rough usage and heavy riders.—Scientific American.

THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR

Is the greatest Labor Organization the world has ever seen.

It is the only organization which, while striving to secure for wage-workers the best possible terms as to wages, hours and conditions, aims at reforming the causes of industrial injustice.

It secures to each trade and locality absolute control over its own trade or local affairs, yet its perfect organization enables it to move to act unitedly, promptly, and effectively, wherever a wrong is done, and action becomes necessary to remedy injustice or to resist oppression.

It is pledged to work for the overthrow of the capitalistic system of production and exchange, yet, realizing that reforms can only be beneficial and permanent when they rest upon the convictions of a widely educated people, it seeks to accomplish its objects only by appeals to reason and conscience—never by force.

It is a secret organization only so far as secrecy is necessary to protect its members from wrong and persecution, and can never be used to shield wrong-doing.

Its doors are open to all who labor honestly and usefully either by hand or brain, without question or discrimination on account of creed, race or nationality.

For copy of Platform, sample copy of Official Journal, and full information as to how to join or organize an Assembly in your locality, address
JOHN W. HAYES, Book Drawer 1333, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

COLUMBIANA, JUNE 27, 1894.

STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
R. F. KOLB.
For Secretary of State,
J. C. FONVILLE, of Crenshaw.
For Auditor,
W. T. B. LYNCH, of Macon.
For Commissioner of Agriculture,
S. M. ADAMS, of Bibb.
For Treasurer,
T. K. JONES, of Tuscaloosa.
For Superintendent of Education,
J. P. OLIVER, of Tallapoosa.
For Attorney General,
WARREN S. REESE, Jr., of Montgomery.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.
GILBERT B. DEANS,
FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.
THOS. A. HUSTON.
FOR COMMISSIONERS.
3rd district—WM. C. POWERS.
4th district—DAVID C. DAVIS.

If you are in favor of a free vote and an honest count vote the Kolb ticket.

It is no harm to bribe a Senator, but if you step on the grass you will be sent to a dungeon.

The fact is clearly demonstrated that the organized democracy is depending upon fraud to carry the August election.

The organized democracy has joined the Wall Street gang and is now galloping along with the Shylocks of the east.

When a man endorses Cleveland's administration, he endorses the issue of bonds, and the extravagant expenditures of congress.

The nominees of the organized democracy, held a meeting in Montgomery last week and immediately thereafter, Billy Stephens issued a call for a State convention. It seems that the organized can't get along without Billy Stephens. Billy Oates and Billy Stephens are a fine pair, they ought to be hitched together and driven over the State by Tommie Jones.

The Age-Herald and Advertiser are making a great ado about a statement in the Advocate that Gov. Jones had been trying to bring on a collision between the miners and the military. The Advocate is in favor of upholding the law, but it is in favor of doing so in a legitimate manner. Will the Age-Herald or Advertiser be kind enough to inform the public by what authority the Governor is now keeping a body of armed men at "Post Poney." Is there any statute in Alabama authorizing any such steps on the part of the Governor, if so, please give the section. Don't dodge but answer categorically.

We place at our mast head the county ticket nominated at the primary election Saturday. There was no opposition to any of them in the primary, by common consent it seemed to be agreed that the nominees were the men to serve the people. Gilbert B. Deans, the nominee for the legislature is well and favorably known in Shelby county. He is in the prime of life, an able conscientious man and a bold and fearless defender of the People's party and will make Shelby county a splendid representative.

Thos. A. Huston, the nominee for Superintendent of Education, needs no encomium at our hands, he filled the office for two years, and made a faithful and efficient officer.

William C. Powers, who was nominated as commissioner from the 3rd district, is an honest upright man well qualified to fill the office of commissioner from his district.

David C. Davis, the nominee for commissioner from the 4th district, is splendidly equipped to fill the office of commissioner from the 4th district, he has filled the office for one term and made one of the best commissioners Shelby ever had.

The ticket taken as a whole is a splendid one, and will be elected by a large majority on the 1st Monday in August.

The Chronicle in last week's issue seemed to be somewhat disgruntled on account of the Advocate stating that according to the best information, obtainable, there was 200 illegal votes polled in this beat, the statement was based upon the fact that about 940 voted in the recent court house election, and only 556 registered as qualified voters, we went to work at once to find out why such a falling off and we found that a large number of colored voters failed to register, and some white voters, but we could not account for a falling off of over 300 voters in such a short while, and hence we stated that according to our best judgement there must have been at least 200 illegal votes polled in this precinct. In making this statement we did not accuse the managers of anything wrong, the managers are not presumed to know every voter in a precinct and when they have doubts and challenge him and he makes the necessary affidavit and registers, what can they do except to take his ballot. We did not know that the editor of the Chronicle was so ignorant of the manner of voting or we would have been more explicit. The Advocate did not accuse the managers of beat 1 of fraud and ballot-box stuffing, we simply said that there were illegal votes cast, and we are still of that opinion since writing the article referred to we have been informed that there was illegal voting at Calera and Helena, but the proof furnished us is not satisfactory except as to 8 or 10 votes at Calera, but the Advocate says boldly that if any party upon either side will furnish satisfactory proof of illegal voting at any box in the county, we will expose and condemn it in unmeasured terms. No honest man can afford to endorse these things, still we cannot afford to make a charge unless we have the proof to bear us out.

Sam Jones says a man who holds an office by stolen votes, is not fit to associate with any body but thieves. Every honest man in Alabama will heartily endorse what Mr. Jones says, for a man that will stuff a ballot box, will unstuff a pocket book.

Mr. Loyd in his speech here on last Friday said he was a "day light democrat," he may be one now, but after August he won't be, for we are going to knock the "day light" out of the whole crowd.

Pugh to Alabama Democrats.

[Continued from first page.]

"Mr. Pugh.—Mr. President, I am tempted to ask the Senator a short question if he thinks proper to answer it. I simply desire to know if we fail to get free coinage by international agreement what is to become of those democrats who favor free coinage by congressional legislation.

"Mr. Gray.—Well, Mr. President what is to become of those Democrats who want free coinage by international agreement? Suppose we fail what is to become of us? I will tell you one thing that will not happen to us. We will not be found denouncing the great party that existed before this question ever arose; we will not be found deserting its ranks; we will not be found among those who proclaim to the people that there is nothing left in the great creed of Democracy but adherence to one view as to how the free coinage of silver may be brought about and stately maintained."

Senator Gray is the successor of Mr. Bayam, and is a broad gauge and thoroughly representative man of the Democracy of the east as was Mr. Bayard when he was in the Senate from Delaware. They both belong to the school that has always differed with the Democrats of the South and West on the currency question.

What then is the future of silver? I undertake to say for Mr. Cleveland that he agrees with and honestly represents the Democracy of the East on the money question he now entertains the opinion that the words commerce in its present condition with the worlds increase in population and trade cannot and will not be continued on the gold alone, and that causes and conditions are now developing and operating in gold using countries that will force them to join the United States in restoring silver to free coinage by international agreement at a ratio at least equal to sixteen to one, the ratio being immaterial as to the intrinsic value of the two metals in an international

agreement. In any effort Mr. Cleveland may make to secure an international agreement he shall have the hearty support of every free coinage Democrat in the United States. I have never questioned his honesty ability or patriotism. Should we fail to secure an international agreement, which I believe to be inevitable if it depends upon the sanction of England, the question of restoring silver to free coinage by congressional legislation will come up mountain high in the presidential election of 1896. The restoration of silver to free coinage with or without international agreement is a mere question of time and cannot be postponed beyond 1896. If free coinage is secured by international agreement during the administration of Mr. Cleveland, the Democracy will rejoice that there is to be no more discord and contention among them on account of silver coinage. If there is no international agreement during the administration of President Cleveland the question of the restoration of silver to coinage by Congressional legislation will be an open question, and will doubtless divide the Democratic party in 1896. My humble judgement is that this county will not consent to remain on the gold basis. We are now reaping some of the fruits of the gold legislation. The restoration of confidence and the revival of business prosperity which was to come from repeal of the Sherman law is away out of sight; times are much harder, money much scarcer, and business in a condition of utter stagnation. I hear it stated that the farmers of Alabama want no more "cheap money," and are satisfied with the present supply of currency. The money that is called "cheap" is the silver now in existence with the same purchasing and debt-paying power of gold. My belief is that the farmers want more of this cheap money and less cheap cotton. When the struggle comes in for 1896 for the restoration of free coinage, I shall be found where I have always been found standing shoulder to shoulder with the free coinage Democracy. My life long opinions and convictions, well known to the people I represent, and upon which I obtained their confidence and support will be vindicated by speech and vote as long I am a Senator. My opinions are not to be changed by temporary defeats or reverses. They were not formed in haste, or for temporary use.

We come now to the matter of our State election in August. The nominations were made by regular convention of the Democratic party of Alabama. The nominees are all well known to the people of the State, and there can be no question of their qualifications. They are certainly entitled to the hearty support of every voter in Alabama who calls himself a Democrat. I have known Colonel Oates personally and intimately for nearly forty years. He is a man of unusual force, ability and energy, and his fidelity to duty and courage have been established by trials that should silence question of criticism. I differed with him on his vote on the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law, but I do not understand that he claims any endorsement of his own vote or any condemnation of mine. I understand that to be his position in the canvass for the nomination as declared in his letter to The Roanoke Herald, and in his speeches through the State. I never heard of his claiming that the financial views of Mr. Cleveland should be endorsed by the Democratic convention or that he endorsed them, or that those that differed with him on that question should be condemned. There is no question of the honesty or patriotism of any Democrat on account of any difference of opinion. The platform adopted by the convention shows on its face the intention to ignore divisions and differences on the silver question, and to leave every Democrat to the enjoyment of his own opinions, whenever and wherever expressed, on the silver question. The platform declares that the "Democracy of Alabama in convention assembled reaffirms the principles as declared in the platform at Chicago in 1892." My construction of that platform and your construction of that platform is not controverted. My construction of the platform is declared in two speeches made by me during the extra session of Congress, and cannot be charged. The platform al-

ways declares that it is the policy of the Democracy to support the President, and believing in his fealty to the principles of our party, we endorse his administration of the Federal Government." That language is claimed by some Democrats as being an unqualified endorsement of the financial views and opinions of Mr. Cleveland. Was it so intended by the convention? If so, why was it stated in the next sentence that "some of us differ from him in matters of policy?" The individual opinions of the President and his acts as President on the silver question relate entirely to matters of policy, and the difference with him could have applied to nothing else than the difference on the silver question. The platform was adopted unanimously and it is certainly unreasonable to suppose that every delegate to the convention who had always supported free coinage and was opposed to the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law suddenly agreed to stultify himself and condemn his own lifelong convictions by endorsing those of President Cleveland. Then again the convention unanimously recommended and thereby approved the re-election of my colleague Senator Morgan. Did any delegate in the convention, however much he may have differed from Senator Morgan on the currency question expect that he would change his lifelong opinions and convictions and go back on his record as a Senator on the silver question or any other question when he was returned to the Senate? If there is any such expectation, it is doomed to disappointment. All controversy and quarreling among Democrats about the meaning of the State platform and the effort to place each other in a false position, is unbecoming any Democrat and must keep alive the irritation that interferes with the harmony that is indispensable to the success of the Democratic party. I have no disposition to offend or irritate any voter who calls himself a Democrat and who thinks it is his duty to vote for Rueben F. Kolb for Governor. The candidacy of Kolb for governor is most unfortunate. Its main object is to gratify his personal ambition, without having in view the vindication of a single principle or the accomplishment of a single object for the promotion of the welfare of the State. I have known Kolb from his infancy, and I am perfectly familiar with his character and whole history. Both of these have been fully ventilated and I have no disposition to discuss them. What any voter who calls himself a Democrat can expect in the way of benefit or advantage to the State by the election of Kolb, I am unable to understand. I have been greatly honored by the Democratic party of Alabama, and many of Kolb's supporters have been my lifelong friends and supporters. I have no other motive or interest in addressing you than to keep Democrats together and thereby preserve the honor and promote the prosperity of Alabama and her people. I make this appeal to you to give the Democratic nominees the benefit of your support.

James L. Pugh.

Saginaw Dots.

Health not very good at present. Mr. Padgett, of Pelham, spent Saturday in this place.

Sam Pardew has stopped taking flying trips to Saginaw.

We presume times will make a change, as L. P. Arnold flew to Saginaw the other day.

Judge Fulton and L. F. Elliott, spent Saturday in Calera. Judge you are going to see the lawyers too often.

Miss Leila Elliott has returned home to Dogwood after several days visit at Saginaw.

Mrs. Addie Ozley is on the sick list this week.

Dr. Powers, of Pelham, was in the city Monday.

Miss Lula Hale and brother spent Sunday on Yellow Leaf.

Benjamin.

July Fourth Rates.

Agents on the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railway will sell tickets at one and one third the regular fare for the round trip on account of Fourth of July.

Tickets will be sold on July 2nd, 3rd and 4th, good to return on the 7th.

Call on nearest railroad Agent for further information or write, C. A. DeSaussure, D. P. A., Memphis, Tenn., J. J. Farnsworth, D. P. A., Atlanta, Ga., L. A. Bell, D. P. A., Selma, Ala., J. H. Sutton, D. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn., B. W. Wrenn, G. P. A., Knoxville Ten.

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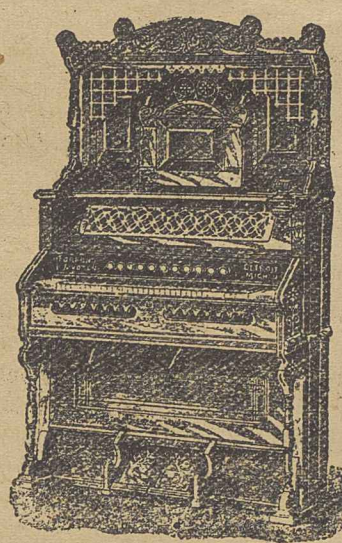
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LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE BUGGY FACTORY ON EARTH WRITE FOR PRICES AND CATALOGUE

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THE PEOPLE'S
ADVOCATE,
—PUBLISHED BY—
The Advocate Publishing Co.,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA
A. P. LONGSHORE, - - - General Manager

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Dollar a Year. Six Months, 50c. Three Months, 25c.

The publishers of the Advocate have made arrangements by which they can furnish

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Guaranteed same as agents sell for \$75 to \$100.

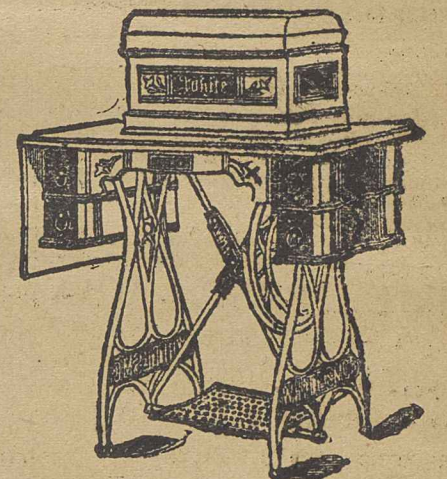
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Perfect lines, perfect steering, perfect adjustment. Guaranteed same as agents sell for \$75 and \$100. Written warranty with every machine. Every time you buy a bicycle through an agent you pay \$5.00 more than our wholesale price for same quality. It costs about as much to sell the bike through agents and dealers as it does to make them. Let prudent and economical buyers the better way and buy from us direct at wholesale prices. Illustrated Catalogue free.

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ELKHART, IND.

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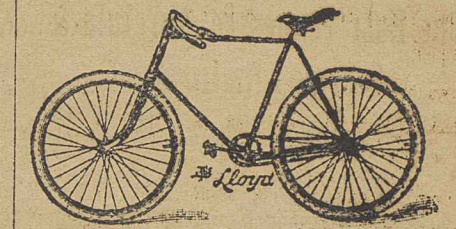


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Sample to Agents, \$27.50 and up.

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INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

LONGSHORE & BEAVERS,
Attorney's And Counselor's
At Law,

Columbiana, Ala.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE courts of the district and in the Federal Courts and the Supreme Court of Alabama.

Notice No. 14,902.
Notice for Publication.
LAND OFFICE at Montgomery, Ala.,
March 23, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on May 3rd, 1894, viz: WILLIAM M. ALLEN, Homestead entry, No. 18319, for the S½ of Sec. 24, Tp. 19 south of Range 3 west.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: James E. Brasher, Fred Lee W. C. Brasher, all of Highland, John C. Allen, of Quito, Ala. J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

3-22-5.

FAIR NOTICE.

I have now finished my two regular rounds for assessing the taxes of this county for the year 1894. Those who have not assessed will please give in their assessments to the Deputy Assessor of their respective beats.

After the 1st day of May I shall strictly enforce section 26, pages 41 and 42 of the Revenue Code of Alabama, for 1894.

J. H. HAMMOND,
Tax Assessor of Shelby County.
March 26, 1894.

THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE.

Published Every Wednesday.

Entered at the postoffice at Columbiana, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

COLUMBIANA, JUNE 27, 1894.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
One copy one year, \$1.00
One copy six months, .50
One copy three months, .25

Furnish Advertising Rates on Application

COURT CALENDAR.

Circuit Court—Convenes the eighth Monday after the fourth Monday in January and July. Hon. L. F. Box, Judge.

Chancery Court—Convenes twice a year. Hon. S. K. McSpadden, chancellor.

County Court—Regular terms begin the second Monday in February, May, August and November, each term being a jury term. Hon. John S. Leeper, judge.

E. T., V. & G. Time Card.

Trains on the E. T., V. & G. railway arrive at Columbiana as follows:

NORTH BOUND.
No. 6, Mail and Express, - 1:15 a. m.
No. 44, Local Freight, - 3:25 p. m.
SOUTH BOUND.
No. 5, Mail and Express, - 2:35 a. m.
No. 45, Local Freight, - 7:40 a. m.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

J. B. Randall, of Calera, was in town Monday.

L. W. Jackson, of British, was in the city Sunday.

E. F. Vest, of Montevallo, was in the city last Monday.

Mrs. I. W. Bailey of Calera, visited the Central last week.

Miss Nora Leeper is visiting relatives in British this week.

Jim Seale, of Childersburg, spent Sunday and Monday in the city.

J. W. Milstead and wife, of Wilsonville, spent Sunday in the city.

Mrs. Moss of Calera, visited the family of W. A. Tallant last week.

Jasper Holcomb, of Calera, spent a short while in the city Monday.

G. B. Deans, Shelby county's next representative, was in town Monday.

Miss Eva Weaver is visiting relatives and friends in Calera this week.

Miss Lucy Smith and mother, are visiting friends in Uniontown this week.

Messrs. D. McLendon and Edgar Holcomb, of Calera, were in the city Sunday.

Henry Wilson is spending several days this week at Talladega Springs.

Messrs. E. E. Reynolds and Offie Leeper, paid British a flying visit Tuesday.

Miss Mary Milner is on a visit to relatives and friends at Leeds this week.

Mrs. Eargen of Woodstock, is visiting the family of J. H. Strickland this week.

Miss Carry Cooper of Shelby Springs, is spending a few days here this week.

J. H. Newton and family, are visiting relatives and friends in Mississippi this week.

Misses Ora and Bama Milner of Leeds, are in the city the guests of Mrs. J. K. Milner.

Misses May and Fay McKibbin and Susie Campbell of Calera, visited friends in town Sunday.

Rev. T. P. Roberts and wife of Sylacauga, spent several days in the city last week the guest of A. M. Elliott.

Mr. Shell Cross and family of Pelham, spent several days in the city last week, visiting the family of W. R. A. Milner.

Cadet John Milner and E. B. Teague returned home from Tuscaloosa last Thursday, where they have been attending the University, their many friends congratulate them on a successful year at school, and hope they will spend a pleasant vacation.

The district conference of the M. E. church was in session at this place last week. Quite a number of distinguished divines were in attendance and the meeting was a pleasant and profitable one. A large number of delegates were in attendance from various parts of the district.

Don't fail to read the advertisement of P. H. Earle & Co., they carry a full line of goods and are selling at remarkably low rates. The Advocate can recommend the house to the people of Shelby county, as trustworthy in every respect. They have a large trade from this county, no better house can be found in Birmingham.

Died.

On Monday evening last at his father's residence in this place Walter Bentley; he had been quite sick for some time with fever and gradually grew worse until the end came. He was only 18 years old and had a promising future before him; his death cast a gloom on the town, he was a sober industrious and deserving young man. The Advocate extends its sympathy to the bereaved family and his many friends.

Notice Industrial Legions.

Notice is hereby given that a county Industrial Legion will be organized at Kendrick school house (known as K. Springs) June 30th 10 o'clock a. m. All local Legions are requested to send delegates, as business of great importance will come before the Legion. All Captains, Lieutenants and Quarter, are always members of a county Legion, also one delegate at large and one for every 25 members and one for every fraction thereof.

R. E. Huston,

Recruiting Officer.

The Executive Committee of the People's party met on last Monday to canvass the returns and declare the result of the primary election held on June the 23rd, and to take steps to make a thorough canvass of the county. Encouraging reports come from all the beats, and the present outlook indicates a majority of about 750 for the People's party in this county.

Creswell Items.

Partial rains have fallen and crops much improved.

Our neighbor, Mr. J. A. Williams says he has had no rain in nearly six weeks.

Wheat and oat threshing has been the order of the day now for some time. Threshermen tell us that the yield of both are remarkably good this season.

Miss Clara Denny, of Chicago, who has been on a visit to her sister, Mrs. D. Fitch, returned home last Sunday, much to the regret of one, at least, of our young men.

Old corn has been seriously injured by the drought. The rains came to late to do it much good. Young corn and cotton, however, has been greatly benefited. You can almost see it grow. Peas, potatoes and sorghum was in fine condition when the rain came.

They have come and gone, that is, the sweet singers of Four Mile. Our community enjoyed a rich treat last Sunday in the singing furnished by Messrs. Will Lyon, Geo. Powell, Will and Joe Jackson and the Misses West, Lyon and Miner, aided by some of our best local singers. Prof. Lyon makes a good leader, the boys all sing well, and the young ladies—well, our boys say their singing was divine. Come again young ladies and gentlemen, we will always be glad to see you.

Harpersville Locals.

Good rain two days last week.

No preaching in town Sunday.

Miss Reagan of Coosa county, is visiting the family of W. G. Crawford.

It being the day for the Populists primary election a good crowd was in town to hear the democratic war horses last Saturday.

The Populists propose sometime in the near future, to have a picnic at or near Harpersville, have public speaking and invite the democrats to a joint discussion of the political issues of the day. Query, will they accept?

I understand that Bro. Parker claims I did him an injustice in my report of what he said at the colored Baptist church on the first Sunday in this month. If so, I regret it, as I do not want to misquote or misrepresent any one, and will not do so if I know it. It was a current report all over the beat and my information came so direct that I did not doubt its correctness. In my report I did not pretend to give the exact words but only the substance of what was said, but since the report has been denied, I have procured from parties who were present a certificate to a statement of the words as near as can be remembered, which Mr. Parker can see by calling upon me or which, if he prefers, I will publish. The certificate is stronger, if anything, than the report as made. The parties who signed the certificate are perfectly responsible and will make affidavit, if necessary.

Tommie.

Yellowleaf Snaps.

Heath very good. Blackberries are plentiful. Bro. Cabiness preached an able sermon last Sunday.

We see that long watch chains are stylish for some—girls.

Mr. Newt Farrell is quite sick. We wish him an early recovery.

Miss Lelia Hale and brother, visited their Uncle's family Mr. N. Thomas last week.

Miss Belle Hand after several weeks visit to friends and relatives returned home last Thursday.

We extend our heartfelt sympathy to the relatives and friends of Mr. J. W. Phillips, his death occurred on the 11th, inst. He was a true christian and a devoted husband and father.

Farmer Girl.

Lewis Blows.

Health good with a few exceptions.

W. C. Powell, paid Yellow Leaf a flying visit one day last week.

The dry weather makes the crops look very sick and the ground very dusty.

Mr. Sam Elliott and sister visited friends in this part of the U. S. Sunday.

Mr. Jim McGowan and lady visited relatives on Four Mile, one day last week.

Mr. George Powell attended the singing at Four Mile, Sunday and reported a good time.

If you want all the news subscribe for the Advocate and the Constitution 1.50 per year.

We would like for Rex to explain about the boy that came home without any pants, is it so?

Mr. Saltman, of Childersburg visited relatives and friends on Four Mile, Saturday and Sunday.

Boys you must not rub the point of that new buggy for it make him shake that old churn hat till it flops down over his ears and then the girls would not ride with him would they Miss S. D.

Hurrah! for A. P. and the Advocate.

Fred.

Chapel Chat.

Health of community very good. Crops are looking very badly, an account of so much dry weather, but it is raining some now and hope we will get a good rain before it quits.

Walter McAlams, a negro who was working for Mr. N. Ravens, shot his wife and killed her last Wednesday night, after which he made his escape.

We are glad to see the men who are on the fence are polling off on the people's party side, hurrah! for you J. C. M. you are right you know the good book says an honest confession is good for the soul.

What has become of our Dogwood writer? You must get things right and have plenty of dinner for beat 9 is coming with their heads up and the nails dragging to hear Hon. S. M. Adams and A. P. Longshore and we hope Hon. W. H. Skaggs and others will be there the fourth.

You people that are on the fence go to Dogwood the fourth of July and you can fully decide which road to take, and we know that after you hear Hon. S. M. Adams, Longshore and others you can't help but take the road, the one that leads to freedom fair count and free speech.

I will close by saying hurrah! for Kolb and the people's party and success to Frank and the Angel, the Advocate and its readers.

SAMBO.

Lynch Bullets.

Mrs. Ray and daughter of Simons, was in our community last week.

Several of the young people of Lynch, attended the closing exercises of Prof. Hortons school last week.

Mr. Albert Messer filled his regular appointment at Mt. Era church the second Sunday, and preached an able sermon.

Cotton Chopper.

Southern Recipes.

The cream of cook books contains the best recipes of the old books, and many never before in print.

The New South Cook Book is beautifully bound, and will be sent to any address upon the receipt of ten cents in postage.

B. W. Wrenn, G. P. A. E. T. V. & G. Knoxville, Tennessee.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the powers of sale contained in a mortgage made by Fielder Lawley and Martha Lawley his wife on the hereinafter described lands in St. Clair and Shelby counties and recorded in Book 18 page 31 et seq. Probate office of said St. Clair county, Ala., and in volume 31 page 130 et seq. in the Probate office of Shelby county Ala., which mortgage is payable to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, and by virtue of a second mortgage on the same lands to the "Loan Company of Alabama," and recorded in Book 18 page 84, et seq. in said Probate office of St. Clair county, and in volume 31 page 135 et seq. in said Probate office of Shelby county, Ala., we will sell at public outcry for cash, during the legal hours of sale, on Saturday, the 21st day of July, 1894, in front of the courthouse door in said county of Shelby, the following described lands, conveyed by said mortgage, to wit: Part of SW 1-4 of NW 1-4 Sec. 3, and part of NE 1-4 of Sec. 4 Township 18 Range 2 East in St. Clair county. Part of W 1-2 of SE 1-4 and part of NE 1-4 Sec. 3, also E 1-2 of SE 1-4 Sec. 4, and E 1-2 of NE 1-4 Sec. 9 in Shelby county—all in Township 18 Range 2 West and containing in the aggregate 290 acres more or less on which the said Fielder Lawley resided November 12th 1892, which said lands are bounded north by lands of J. W. Fulmore, West by W. A. Bieby, south by Ben Howard, East by Ala. Great Southern R. R. Co. right of way. Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, and Loan Company of Alabama, Mortgagees. Brown, McMillan and Leeper and W. R. Nelson, Attorneys.

Notice to Non-Resident.

No. 245. State of Alabama—Shelby county. H. C. McAdams vs Wm. E. Sawyer, defendant. R. L. Sawyer, Garnishee. Before H. E. Reynolds, a Notary Public Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace for said county.

Before me, as said Justice of the Peace this the 20th day of May, 1894, came the plaintiff in the above entitled cause, and it appearing that a garnishment has been issued to R. L. Sawyer in order to subject money or property belonging to defendant, and that defendant is a non-resident of this state, it is therefore ordered that notice of said attachment and the return day thereof which is June 20th 1894, be given Wm. E. Sawyer, by publication once a week for three successive weeks before said 20th day of June, 1894, in the People's Advocate, a newspaper published in said county, and a copy thereof be mailed to said defendant at his place of residence when known.

Given under my hand this 24th day of May 1894.

H. E. Reynolds,

Notary Public and Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace.

Notice of Application to sell Land by Administrator.

State of Alabama, Shelby County—Probate Court, special Term June 20th, 1894.

A. M. Elliott, deceased—Estate of—This day came B. L. Moore Administrator, de bonis non of said estate, and filed his application in due form and under oath praying for an order of the court to approve of his account, and belonging to said estate for the purpose of paying debts. It is ordered that the 23rd day of July 1894 be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest may appear and contest the same if they think proper.

J. H. BROWN, Judge of Probate.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County. In Chancery at Columbiana, Ala. Sixth District, Northeastern Chancery Division, Fall Term, 1894.

June 26th 1894. John S. Jackson, Complainant, vs. Jefferson B. Elliott, Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of Henry Wilson Attorney for complainant, that the defendant's Green M. Elliott, George M. Elliott and A. J. Elliott are non-residents of the State of Alabama; that Green M. Elliott resides in Shongalo, Webster Parish, in the State of Louisiana, George M. Elliott resides in Abilene in the State of Texas and that A. J. Elliott resides in Trowess, in the State of Texas, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendants are all over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, to be made in the People's Advocate, a newspaper published in Columbiana Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring them, the said Green M. Elliott, George M. Elliott and A. J. Elliott, to answer or demur to the original and amended bills in the above stated cause, within thirty days after the 26th day of July 1894, and failing to do so a decree pro confesso will be taken against them in said cause. And that a copy of the paper containing this process be sent to each of the above defendants.

Done at office, in Columbiana, Alabama, this 26th day of June, 1894.

D. R. McMillan, Register.



THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO., Chicago, Ill., 23 Union Square, N. Y., Chicago, Ill., St. Louis, Mo., San Francisco, Cal., Atlanta, Ga. FOR SALE BY

The New Home Sewing Machine Co. Birmingham, Ala.

M. S. Wilson, of Camp Branch, was in town last Monday, in attendance on the meeting of the Executive Committee.

SPRING GOOD?

We have just received a beautiful stock of Lawns, Mulls, Gingham, Dressgoods, &c.,

AND ESPECIALLY INVITE YOU

To examine them and get our prices before making your purchases.

MILLINERY GOODS

A most attractive line of these goods have just reached us from New York, and we can please you in Style and Prices.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE THEM.

OUR STOCK OF

Gents Clothing, Furnishing Goods,

SHOES, HATS, &c., IS LARGER THAN EVER.

WE ALSO HAVE ON HAND A FINE LINE OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES, at as low prices as can be found in the market.

DON'T FAIL TO TRY OUR

Celebrated Home Mixture Guano And Acid Phosphate.

CASH.

TO THOSE WHO WISH TO MAKE CASH

Bills. We Will Offer Especial Inducements and Can Save You Money.

Call and Get Our Prices.

Johnston & White.

A Short Story is Soon Told
ACTUAL MERIT
Is a Sure Foundation!

Don't experiment with new and untried Nurseries, but buy from a house that guarantees the fruit to come true to name. Such a firm is

Downer Bros., of Fiar View, Ky.

Represented in this section by J. H. BROWN,

Columbiana, Alabama.

ELKHART CARRIAGE AND HARNESS MFG. CO.
No. 1. Farm Harness. \$24.50
No. 119 Road Wagon. \$27
No. 41. Wagon. \$45
No. 712. \$42
No. 713. \$42
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DON'T EDUCATE THE YOUTH

Whether White or Black, Oates Says it Unfits Him for Manual Labor.

Let the Records continue to speak, and let the people know the facts and render the verdict, and when they have done this no honorable man can have aught of malice.

During the 43rd congress, February 26th, 1887, in a speech on the Agricultural Experiment Stations, Col. Oates used the following language:

"It is not the duty, nor is it to the interest of the state to educate its entire population beyond the primaries.

"Universal experience teaches that if a boy, without regard to his color, be educated beyond this point, he declines every to work another day in the sun. A higher education may do for New England, whose laboring people are chiefly engaged in manufacturing, but how would it work in Alabama where 75 per cent of the people are engaged in agriculture."

Farmers of Alabama, Col. Oates says it is not to the interest of the state to educate your sons beyond a mere primary education. You must be taxed to provide a university for the rich, but your sons must be kept on the plain of negro education; they must be ignorant, or might quit the field and get in the shade where Col. Oates has been for fourteen years living on your taxes. This would be too good and too easy for them, they must be bound down as "heavers of wood and drawers of water" and be made the slaves to the rich, the gold-bugs and the money power; if educated they might learn something of the modes of the gold crowd and money gang by which through an unconditional repeal of the Sherman law, for which Col. Oates voted, and other kindred legislation, and they might check these pirates in their plunder of the people, and destruction of free institutions that the money and privilege classes may subjugate the masses and rule and administer this country in their own selfish interest.

NOT AS GOOD AS NEW ENGLAND'S SONS. Higher education may do for New England's sons, where the gold power and protective system rule, but an Alabama farmer's son, must not have it, it will take him out of the sun. Where he takes his education, Col. Oates, and let those after the Oates stripe hold the office and govern the people.

Young men of Alabama, who are farmers, and will for the future have to earn your living at the plough handles, will you advocate the cause of a man, who utters and believes such sentiments as Col. Oates has expressed on the floor of the American House of Representatives, and aid in making him Governor of Alabama? Such sentiments are published to the world by Col. Oates, that it will not do to trust a farmer boy with education. Such a reflection upon the patriotism, the virtue, the manhood, and every inspiration of honor, of the farmers and their children.

Democrats of Alabama read and ponder before you give your aid to exalt a man who entertains such sentiments. Not only does he ask you to make him governor, but he asks you to give him this exalted office, to enable him to step into the United States Senate, and there further humiliate you and cast reflections upon you, that it is not to the interest of the state to educate your sons beyond a primary education.

[From the Populist, Paducah, Ky.]

We are tired of the cry that every idle man could not find employment on the farms. That is the cry of the bigots who are opposing the Coxey Commonwealth.

Their claims is not true from several reasons. One is that the farmers have no money to employ labor. There might be need for ever so much labor on the farm, but it must be paid for. The market prices of farm produce today, and the prospects of a fall do not entice the farmers very much, and they will not cramp themselves to hire labor and pitch large crops in the face of the universal distress and the claim of an old party friend of "overproduction."

Then again, did it ever occur to those theorists that a green hand from the city, not knowing anything of practical farm work, would be a nuisance on general principles on a farm because he is totally untrained? Farming is a trade. It takes skill to guide a plow. As well think of putting a farmer into a machine shop or a glass factory without previous training as to put city mechanics to farming without being taught the business. The practical side of the case destroys that satisfying theory. The editor of this paper is a farmer by training himself and knows what he is talking about.

If it is right for the government to issue money to pay men to fight—to kill each other and destroy property, why is it not right to issue money to pay men to work and create wealth.

We hope every one who owns a horse will read the advertisement of the Elkhart Carriage and Harness Manufacturing Company, of Elkhart, Indiana, appearing in this paper.

B. L. MOORE

Justice of the Peace,

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Collection of Claims a Specialty.

THREE HOURS EARLIER.

Save Time and Travel by the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railway.

If you are going to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, or any other Eastern city, be sure you travel by the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia railway.

It takes you through the beautiful mountains of East Tennessee and Virginia; through the famous Shenandoah Valley via Knoxville and Roanoke, and over the Royal Blue Line from Washington.

This route is free from dust and smoke, has steel rails, stone ballast and iron bridges; in fact it is considered by the traveling public to be the most comfortable and picturesque line leading to all Eastern cities.

Through Pullman Sleepers from Mobile to Cleveland; solid vestibule train from Chattanooga to Washington carrying dining car and vestibule sleepers to Washington and New York, thereby making the missing of connections an impossibility.

Passengers leaving Selma at 10 p.m., arrive at Washington at 4:45 a.m., and New York at 10:55 a.m.

Sleeping car berths reserved in advance on application to any agent of the company, or to

B. W. WREN, G. P. & T. A.

Knoxville, Tenn.

L. A. BELL, D. P. A., Selma, Ala.

BOOK-KEEPING, SHORTHAND AND PENMANSHIP.

We have recently prepared Books on the above, especially adapted to "Home Study." Sent on 60 days trial. Hundreds have been benefited hundreds of dollars by ordering our publications. Why not you?

Should you later decide to enter our College, you would receive credit for the amount paid. Four weeks by our method of teaching book-keeping is equal to 12 weeks by the old plan. Positions guaranteed under certain conditions. Send for our free illustrated 96 page catalogue and "State your wants." Address J. F. Draughon, President—Draughon's Practical Business College and School of Shorthand and Telegraphy—Nashville, Tenn., 11 Teachers, 600 Students the past year. No vacation. Enter any time. Cheap Board. N. B. We pay \$5.00 cash for all vacancies as book-keepers, stenographers, teachers, clerks, etc., reported to us, provided we fill same.

Burland's Old Dominion Crescent Brand.

CINNAMON PILLS, The Only Genuine RELIEF FOR LADIES.

Ask Your Druggist for Burland's Old Dominion Crescent Brand Cinnamon Pills. Shallow rectangular metallic boxes sealed with crescent. Absolutely safe and reliable. Refuse all spurious and harmful imitations. Upon receipt of Six cents in stamps we will reply by return mail, giving full particulars in plain envelope. Address, BURLAND CHEMICAL CO., Morse Bldg., N. Y. City. Please Mention this Paper.

Are You a Woman

Who has not seen a copy of Arthur's New Home Magazine of Philadelphia? "The best and cheapest illustrated monthly ever published in the English language." 1,500 pages for \$1.50.

Six Short Stories and splendid articles by best writers on all subjects of interest to women. Three months free if you take it now. Sample copy 10 cents.

Notice. All parties indebted to D. W. Evans are hereby notified that we have instruction to sue on all notes and accounts that are not settled by the 1st of February.

Longshore & Beavers,

Notice No. 14,940.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., April 18, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on May 31st, 1894, viz: Constantine C. O'Barr, Homestead entry, No. 19,320, for the E 1-2 of NE 1-4, SW 1-4 of NE 1-4 of Section 24, Tp. 19 South Range 2 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Allen, James Brasher, Bill Brasher and Freddie Lee, all of Highland, Ala. 4-18-94. H. PURCELL, Register.

Indian Wars.

Congress has passed an act granting pensions to soldiers who served in the various Indian wars. For information address: LONGSHORE & BEAVERS, Columbiana, Ala.

Missing Word Contest.

The Sentence for June. "Patiently, with the dark lantern closed and hid under his arm, he waited behind a ragged rock in the crevice next to the clothes for the to return."

One-fourth of the net subscription receipts of those entering this contest will be divided among those who supply the correct word in the blank in the above sentence. Thus, if there are \$5,000, one-fourth would be \$1,250. If ten supply the correct word each would receive \$125, if 100, each \$12.50, etc.

The Weekly Constitution has a circulation of 150,000, and is The People's Paper. It favors Tariff Reform, an Individual Income Tax, and the Expansion of the Currency to a degree sufficient to meet the legitimate business demands of the country.

It covers the news of the world every week, having news correspondents in all the news centres of the world.

Take your home paper and The Constitution. TWO FOR ONE. Both for \$1.50.

Cotton At 16 cts. Per Lb.

SEED FOR TRIAL PURPOSES ONLY. We Have Every Seed in Existence.

There is no Money in cotton at 8c.

There is an active, strong demand for long staples at 16c. Then why not plant it? Your answer is: Because none of the long staples will make enough to the acre to justify planting them even at 16 cts. per lb.; it is difficult to gin it properly; it is hard to pick out, and lands will not produce staples, and so on.

Inland Sea Island is a long staple cotton in which all objections are removed. It is ENORMOUSLY PRODUCTIVE, easily ginned and no trouble to pick out. You can make it with no extra expense or trouble. See what Mr. Jeff Welborn has to say.

No Seed For Sale until next season save a limited number of packets, which we send out for trial purposes. Will positively refuse to sell seed any other way this season. Space forbids our saying more here, but write us for full information.

Packets 25 cts. by mail, 5 for 60 cts., 6 for \$1.00.

RICHMOND SEED CO., Richmond, Va.

SEEDS! WORLD'S FAIR MEDAL & DIPLOMA.

My exhibit of Seeds and Garden Vegetables was awarded several Premiums and a Special Diploma by Piedmont Exposition Judges in 1891. Incouraged by this success, I sent a collection of Seeds to the World's Fair, and was awarded Medal and Diploma for best collection there. This is high endorsement, for the Seed met in competition those great seed houses of this country, but mine got there beautifully. I have had experience with the various seeds offered the farmers, and my judgment says the collection below is the best. The collection is a choice selection of Garden Vegetable Seeds, and is gotten up with the idea of establishing a seed business; 28 papers (extra large) of choice Vegetable Seed; 1 package containing 200 Annuals (Flower); 1 package of my Cotton, "King's Improved"; 1 package of my Corn, "King's Improved"—all postpaid for \$1.00. Circulars telling all about my Seed free.

Address T. J. KING, Richmond, Va.

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY NOTIFIED

—THAT—

I HAVE LOCATED ON MY PLACE NEAR

MORGAN SCHOOL HOUSE.

A Saw Mill.

And I am prepared to furnish UNDRESSED LUMBER in any quantities at reasonable prices.

LUMBER SOLD AT MILL OR DELIVERED At Columbiana if desired. Give us a call.

T. B. HOLCOMBE

LADIES! **

Have you planned your flower garden for this year? You will want some new flowers, of course, a few bulbs, plants, and so on, but whether you get them or not, you are going to have a generous supply of annuals; they are always in style and always sure to repay us for our trouble. Now, we want to furnish you annuals (200 varieties) this year FREE OF CHARGE. We do it not because we are over generous, but because our gift will attract your attention to something else which is to want.

The prettiest and best of all periodicals published for ladies at a low price is "WOMAN"—a large illustrated monthly, as bright as a new pin and as charming as a spring bonnet. It is the delight of the household, furnishing happiness for the sitting room, comfort for the sick room, valuable help for the sewing room, the kitchen and the garden—a perfect home paper, cut to fit and to delight woman, the home-maker. The beautiful picture on the first page of every issue is alone worth the subscription price. Now for our offer: Send us ten cents (stamps or silver) and we will send you WOMAN two months on trial, and, in addition, we will send you 200 varieties of

FLOWER SEED FREE!

This offer is for immediate acceptance. Don't put it off. Send to-day, and you will receive the seed and WOMAN promptly.

WOMAN PUBLISHING CO.,

Richmond, Va.

PATENTS

CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly 30 years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books and instruments sent free. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. \$3 a year. Sample copies sent free. Building Edition, monthly, \$2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, 25 cents. Address: MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

Of the many Populist exchanges coming to our office, none spends so much money to get the suppressed Washington news before its readers as the Nonconformist. Yes, suppressed news. What the plutocratic papers have been careful to keep their readers from finding out, the two tireless correspondents of the Nonconformist have dug up and sent to the paper for the benefit of its thousands of readers.

Many a secret has thus leaked out that the plutocracy never meant the common workaday people should know.

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